

Income, consumption and prices

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Developments in income and consumption

Concepts of income

Income statistics comprise of both individual and aggregated family statistics.. Three main concepts are *personal income*, *disposable income* and *family incomes*.

Personal income is the sum of the pre-tax Primary income, property income, and transfers etc. Disposable income is the post-tax income. Family income is the sum of personal incomes within the family.

Couples with children earn most

Couples with children had the highest average income pre-tax of DKK 816,400 in 2010. The corresponding figure for couples without children was DKK 559,600.

When making such comparisons, demographics should be taken into account. Couples without children are typically older than couples with children and children may also to some extent contribute to the family income.

Figure 1 Average family income. 2010

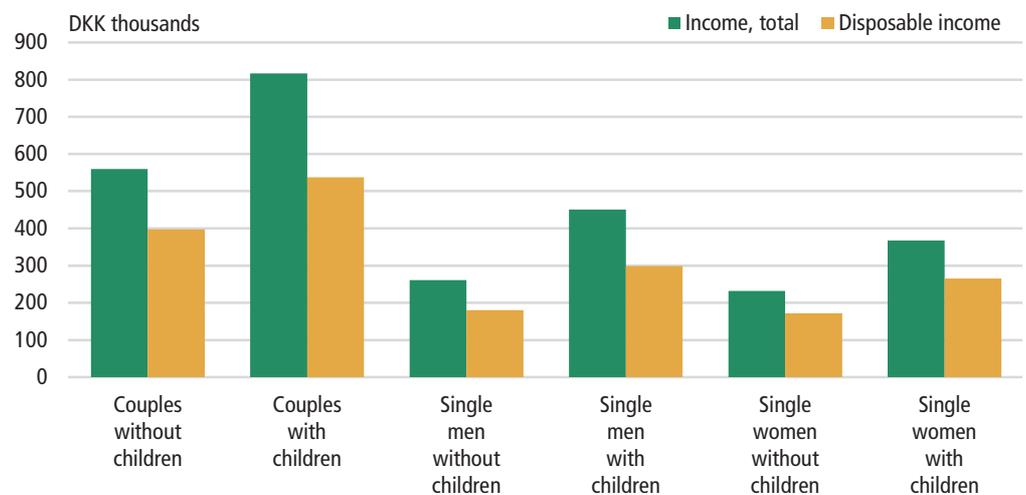


Table 208

Men earn more than women

In 2010, the average personal income for persons aged 15 and above was DKK 283,300. Men had larger incomes than women as men's average income was DKK 318,300, while that of women was DKK 249,500. The level of personal income peaks for both men and women in the late forties.

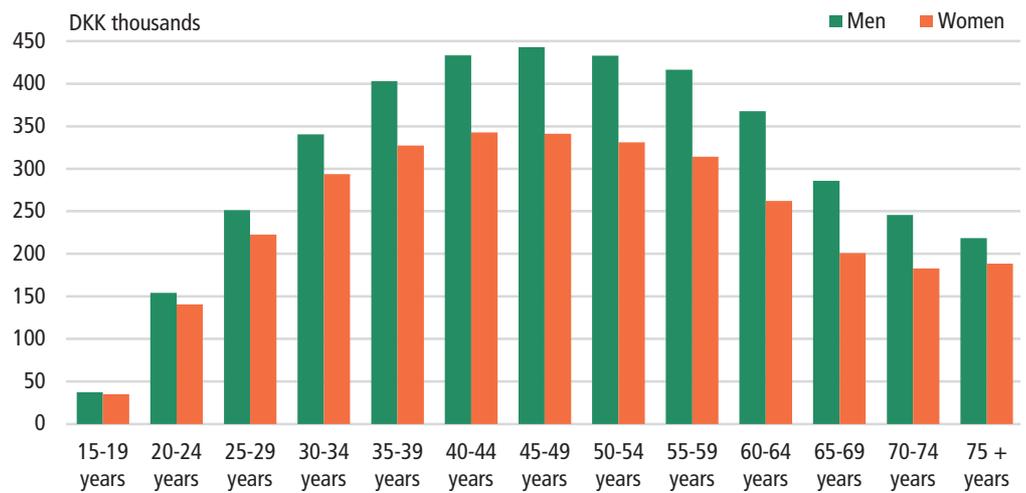
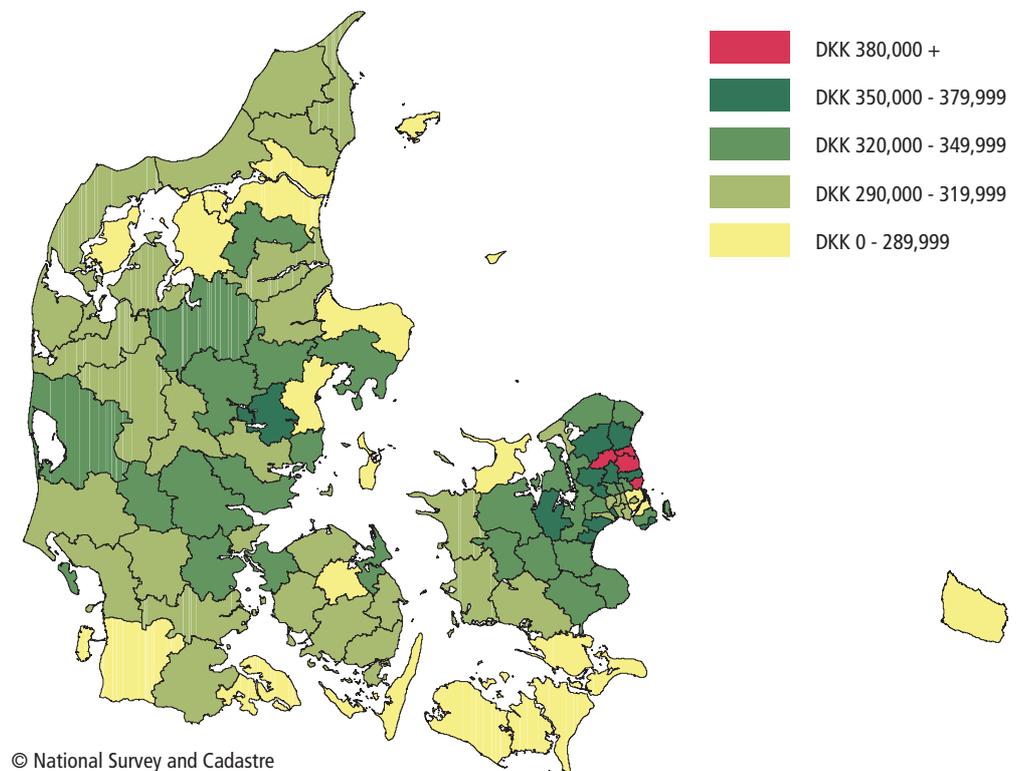
Figure 2 Average personal income by age group. 2010

Table 207

Wealthiest municipalities are north of Copenhagen

Average family income after taxes, i.e. the disposable family income, was DKK 316,800 in 2010. The highest average disposable family incomes were recorded in the municipalities north of Copenhagen Municipality. Family income was DKK 525,000 in Gentofte and DKK 524,700 in Rudersdal. The lowest average family incomes were found in Copenhagen with DKK 251,700

Figure 3 Average family income in municipalities in DKK. 2010

Personal income by socio-economic status

When considering disposable personal incomes as they relate to socio-economic status, it is seen that only 0.8 per cent of all top-level managers (salaried employees at upper levels) made less than DKK 100,000 in 2010. When considering the other end of the scale, 97.4 per cent of all students and 36.7 per cent of all recipients of cash benefits had incomes of less than DKK 100,000.

Figure 4 Distribution of disposable personal income by socio-economic groups. 2010

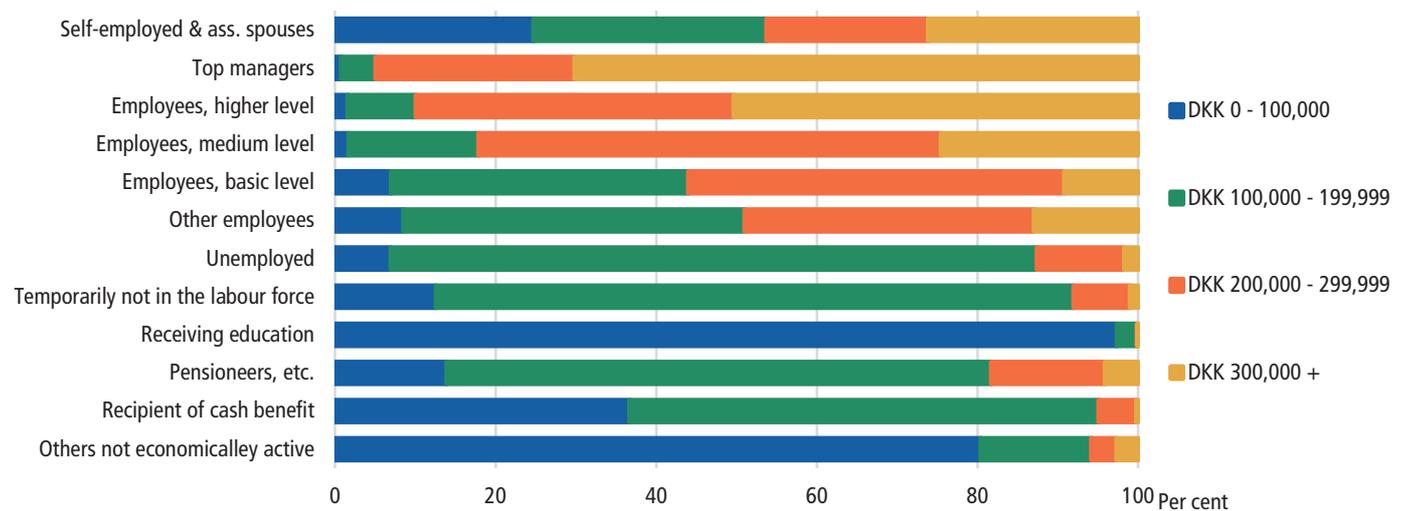
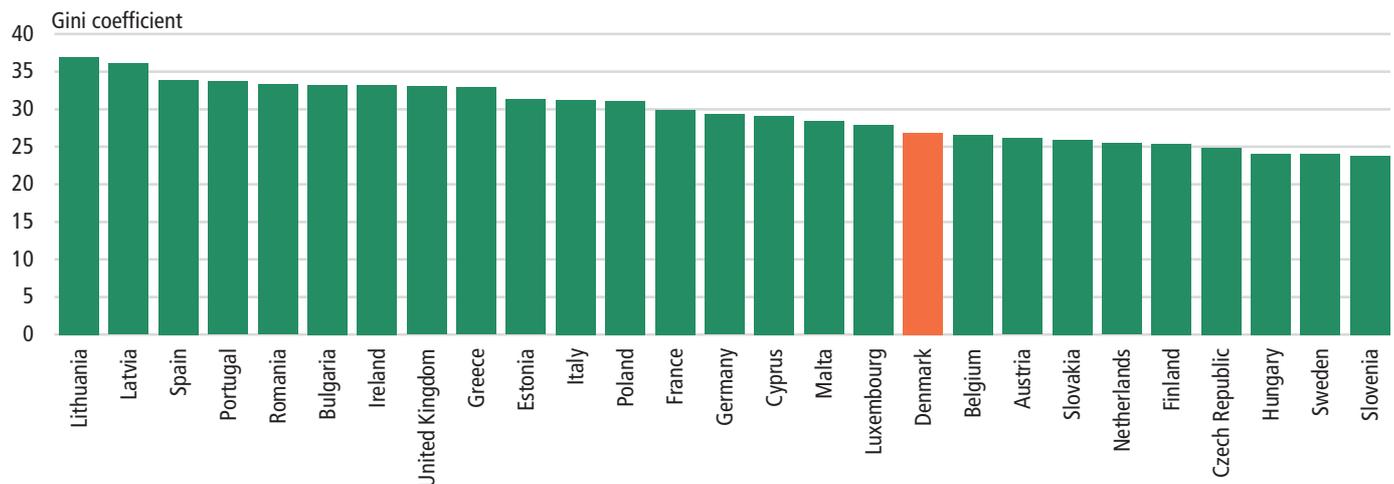


Table 212

Income equality level for the EU-27

The Gini coefficient is used for measuring the way in which income in a society is distributed. The Gini coefficient shows the share of total incomes that has to be redistributed in order to achieve complete evenness. The more uneven the distribution, the greater the Gini coefficient is in the country.

Figure 5 Gini coefficients in EU. 2010



Source: Eurostat.

If the value of the Gini coefficient is 0, incomes are completely evenly distributed – i.e. everybody has exactly the same income. However, if the value is 100, incomes are completely unevenly distributed, i.e. one person accounts for all income in the country.

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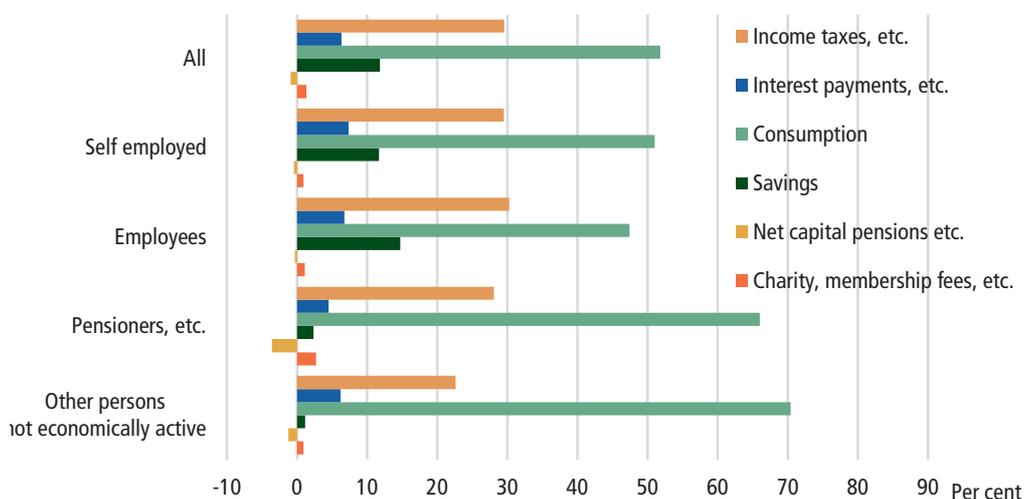
How is income spent?

The main part is spent on consumption

The household budget survey carried out by Statistics Denmark, which involves a study of private household finances, makes it possible to see how total household income is spent. According to the somewhat wider concept of income in the household budget survey, an average household had a total income of DKK 558,317 in 2009. However, a large part of this income was not at disposal of the household due to income tax, etc., and any interest payable on household debts (including mortgages) – DKK 200,267. The amount left to average households was DKK 358,050.

The main part of this amount was spent on consumption – DKK 289,487 – while DKK 66,130 was used for savings (including pension savings and savings tied up in real property). The remaining DKK 7,596 was spent on membership fees, gifts, and charity, while households got DKK 5,164 from capital pensions etc. capital pensions are defined as a negative saving.

Figure 6 How income is spent in selected households – per cent of total income. 2009



Employees households used nearly half of their total income on consumption

In 2009, self-employed and employee households constituted the groups where consumption accounted for the smallest percentage of the total income.

Pensioner households and other households made up of persons not economically active (social security recipients, students, etc.) were characterized by spending a considerably greater percentage of their income on consumption than self-employed and employee households.

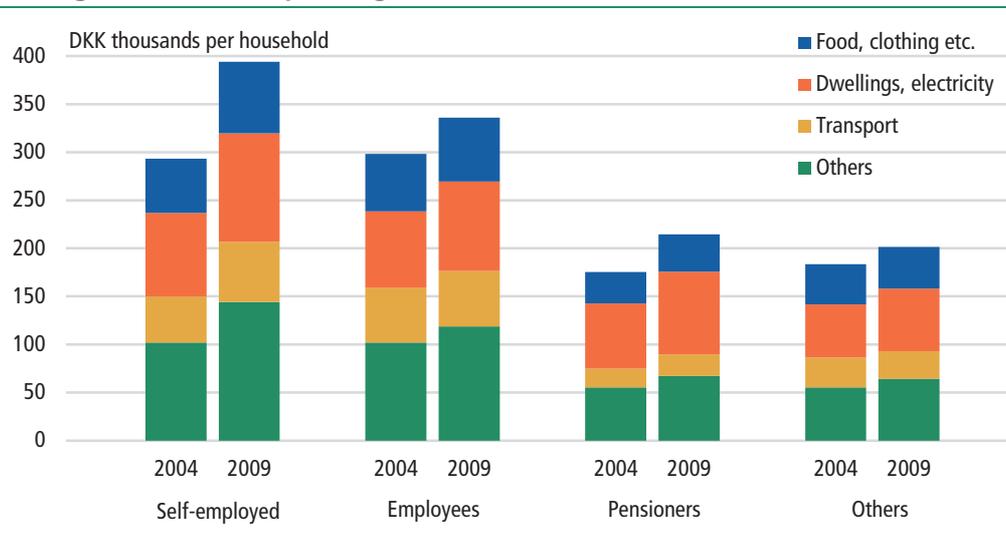
Great differences in households

When assessing these differences, it should be noted that households vary greatly in nature. Households in which the main breadwinner is an employee or self-employed are significantly larger than other households. These types of households are home to respectively 2.3 and 2.5 persons per household on average, whereas the corresponding figure for pensioners' households is 1.4 persons and for other households 1.9 persons per household. Total income is significantly lower in households not economically active: The average income of pensioners' households is DKK 325,206, while that of households with other persons not economically active is DKK 286,421.

Self-employed have the highest increase in consumer spending

From 2004 to 2009, self-employed have accounted for the greatest increase in consumer spending (34 per cent), followed by pensioners (22 per cent) and employee households (13 per cent), while the consumer spending of households not economically active has only increased by 10 per cent. The varying developments for the different groups can largely be attributed to the varying developments of the groups as a whole and to a lesser extent to the possible changes in the composition of each group. The statistical data are compiled at current prices, implying that inflation is not taken into account.

Figure 7 Change in consumer spending from 2004 to 2009



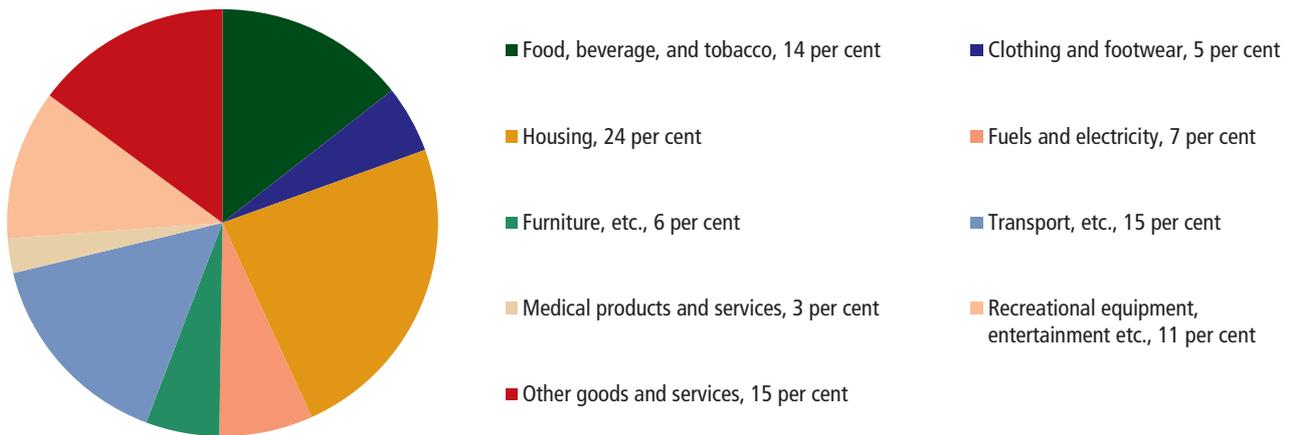
Most money was spent on housing

Housing constituted the largest single consumption item as housing consumption accounted for 24 per cent of total consumption in 2009, i.e. rent in rented accommodation and imputed rent in owner-occupied housing, plus maintenance, etc., not including an additional 7 per cent for heating and electricity.

15 per cent was spent on transport, etc., while food, beverages, and tobacco accounted for 14 per cent. Other goods and services, which includes expenditure on education and child care, restaurants and hotels, various services, insurance, etc. accounted for 15 per cent. Recreational equipment and entertainment accounted for 11 per cent, while clothing and footwear accounted for only 5 per cent.

Figure 8

Consumption by goods/services. 2009



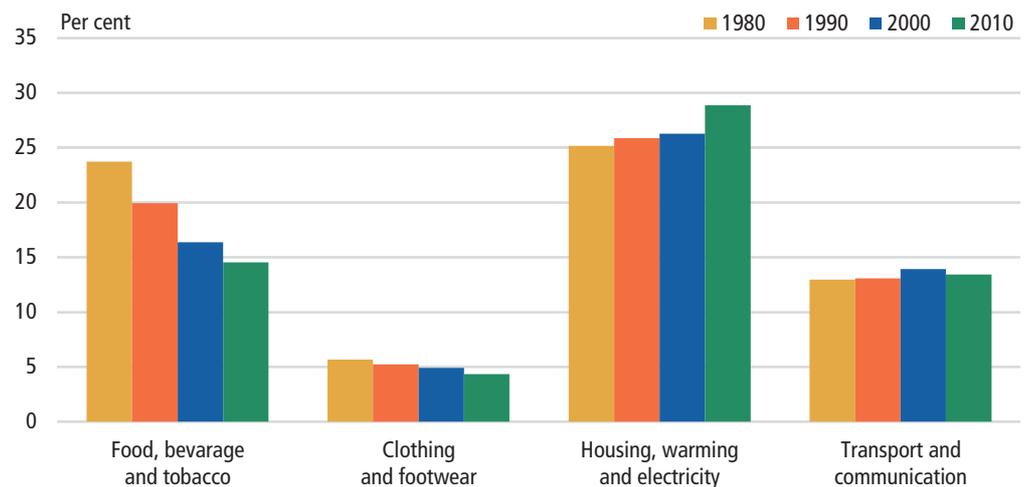
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Danes spend less on food and more on housing

The composition of consumption has undergone major changes over a long period of time. Since 1980, the consumption of food, beverages and tobacco has fallen from 24 per cent of the total consumption of private households to 15 per cent in 2011.

Conversely, expenditure on housing, heating, and electricity has increased from 25.6 per cent in 1981 to 28.9 per cent in 2011. The consumption of clothing and footwear has fallen from 5.5 per cent in 1980 to 4.2 per cent in 2011, while expenditure on transport and communications has dropped slightly over the last 15 years from 13.3 per cent to 14.2 per cent.

Figure 9 The share of selected consumption items of total consumption



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We drink less and less beer

In 2010, the Danes' consumption of beer was the lowest over the 10 years in which the consumption has been estimated. The consumption reached 453 litres of beer, which is 4.9 per cent lower than the year before. In 2000, we drank 614 million litres of beer, and the consumption of beer has thus decreased by 26 per cent over the last 10 years.

By contrast, there is a small increase in the consumption of wine. In 2010, we drank 192 litres of wine, which is 1.3 per cent higher than in the previous year – a trend seen in the last 4 years. The consumption of wine is the highest since 2000. The consumption group wine covers the more traditional types of wine as well as cider products, where the consumption has risen sharply in recent years.

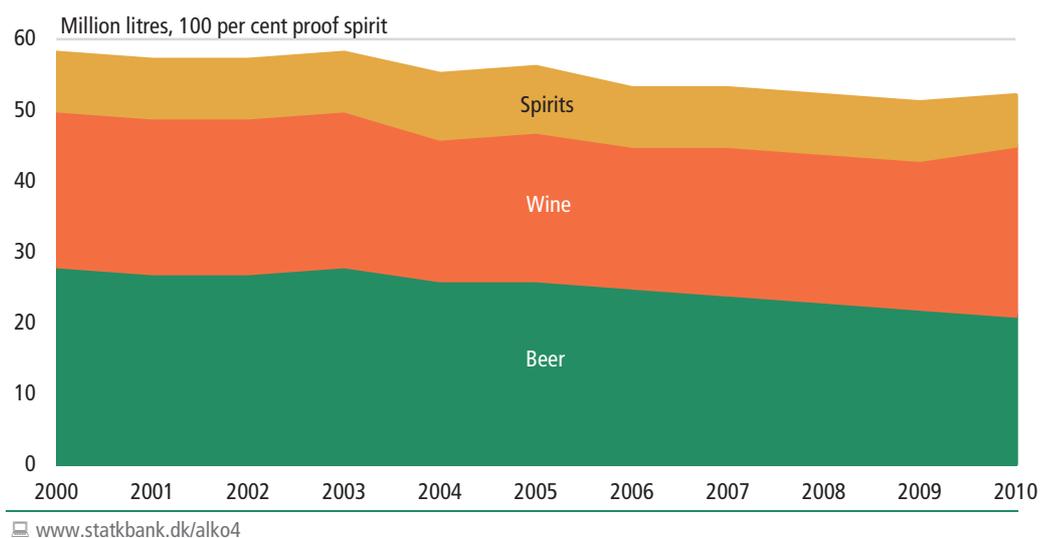
113 fewer alcoholic drinks annually in 10 years

The consumption of alcohol converted to pure alcohol was 11.3 litres per person over 14 years in 2010. This is 1.7 litres less compared to 10 years earlier, when consumption reached 13.0 litres. This is an increase of 0.2 litre of alcohol compared to the previous year.

The 11.3 litres of pure alcohol is equivalent to about 14 alcoholic drinks per week or 1.5 cl pure alcohol. Compared to the last 10 years when each inhabitant over 14 years drank on average 13.0 litres of pure alcohol, the consumption has been reduced by 113 alcoholic drinks or more than two drinks per week.

The conversion of alcoholic quantities for different types of alcohol into pure alcohol is conducted against the background of an assumption of the average alcohol percentage within each duty group. In 2010, the average alcohol percentage in two duty groups for wine was upgraded. This implies that the comparison of pure alcohol between 2009 and 2010 must be subject to caution.

Figure 10 Total consumption of dutiable alcohol

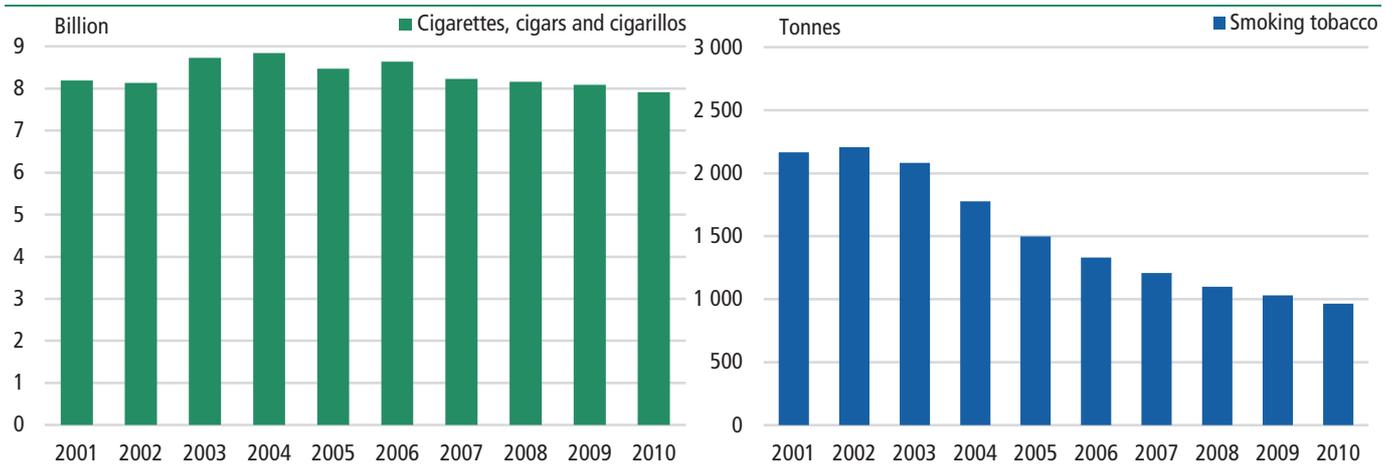


More than 200 fewer cigarettes in five years

The consumption of cigarettes, etc. fell in 2010 with about 170 billion pieces. This corresponds to every inhabitant over 14 years on average smoked 55 cigarettes fewer than the year before. In the last five years, consumption has fallen by approximately 550 billion pieces. This corresponds to every inhabitant over 14 years on average smoked more than 200 cigarettes fewer in 2010 than in 2005.

Figure 11

Consumption of tobacco



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Households and the public sector

Indirect subsidies from the public sector

The household budget survey also calculates the value of the indirect public subsidies that households may be said to receive insofar as they utilize free or cost-reduced services in healthcare, education, and childcare.

On the other hand, part of all household consumption actually constitutes payments to the public sector insofar as such consumption is liable to VAT or other taxes/duties. The net result of such transfers back and forth between individual households and the public sector can be calculated as shown below.

Household transfers to and from the public sector. 2009

	Age Group					
	All	17-29	30-49	50-59	60-66	67 +
	DKK thousands					
Transfers to the public sector	229	136	295	275	237	129
Income taxes, etc.	165	92	216	204	172	85
VAT, duties, property taxes, etc.	64	44	79	72	65	44
Transfers from the public sector	150	132	156	102	143	194
Transfer income	83	56	55	61	128	142
Selected indirect transfers	66	75	101	41	15	52
Net transfers to the public sector	79	4	139	174	94	-65
Average household income	558	344	716	684	534	329

Here, households are divided into categories according to the age of the main breadwinner. When assessing these statistics, it should be noted that households in the younger as well as the older categories are relatively small, whereas households in the 30-59 age group are larger, usually comprising two economically active adults.

Income taxes, etc., also include subscriptions to unemployment insurance funds. Income transfers comprise a number of transfer incomes, including old-age pensions, cash benefits, sickness benefits, unemployment benefits, housing/rent benefits, and family allowances.

As mentioned above, *selected indirect transfers* include the most important services offered in healthcare, education, and childcare; subsidies for medical products have not, however, been included for practical reasons.

Net transfers to the public sector increase with age

It is clear that net transfers from households to the public sector increase with age until the age of 60. From this age onwards, it becomes common to receive early retirement benefits and old-age pension benefits, so for the oldest age group public transfers to households exceed the transfers made from households to the public sector in the form of taxes and duties.

4

Prices

Consumer price index and price index for domestic supply

The consumer price index shows the trend of the prices typically charged to consumers for goods and services. Real prices, including VAT and duties charged to consumers, are used for estimating price trends.

The trend in the consumer price index reflects a country's rate of inflation, whereas the price trend in the first chain of turnover is reflected by the price index for domestic supply.

Importers' real purchase prices, excluding VAT and duties, as well as producers' real sales prices, excluding VAT and duties, are used as the basis for estimating the price index for domestic supply.

Greater fluctuation in the price index for domestic supply

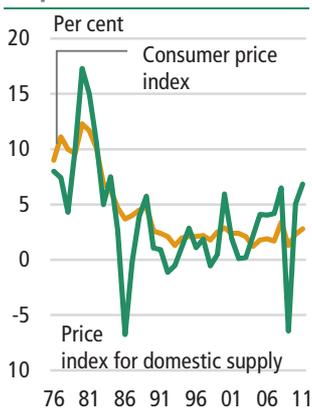
Generally, the price index for domestic supply fluctuates more than the consumer price index. This is mainly due to the fact that the price index for domestic supply includes a number of raw materials for which there are relatively great price fluctuations, and which are not comprised by the consumer price index.

Inflation peaked in 1974

In 1974, inflation peaked with an annual change in the consumer price index of approximately 15 per cent and a change in the price index for domestic supply of approximately 22 per cent. In 1980, the annual change in the consumer price index was approximately 12 per cent, while the corresponding figure for the price index for domestic supply was approximately 17 per cent.

The huge oil price increases during these periods affected the price index for domestic supply to a greater degree than the other indices due to the greater weight

Figure 12
Annual changes
in price indices



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of fuels. The repeated devaluation of the Danish krone at the end of the 1970s was also instrumental in increasing import prices, which also have greater weight in the price index for domestic supply.

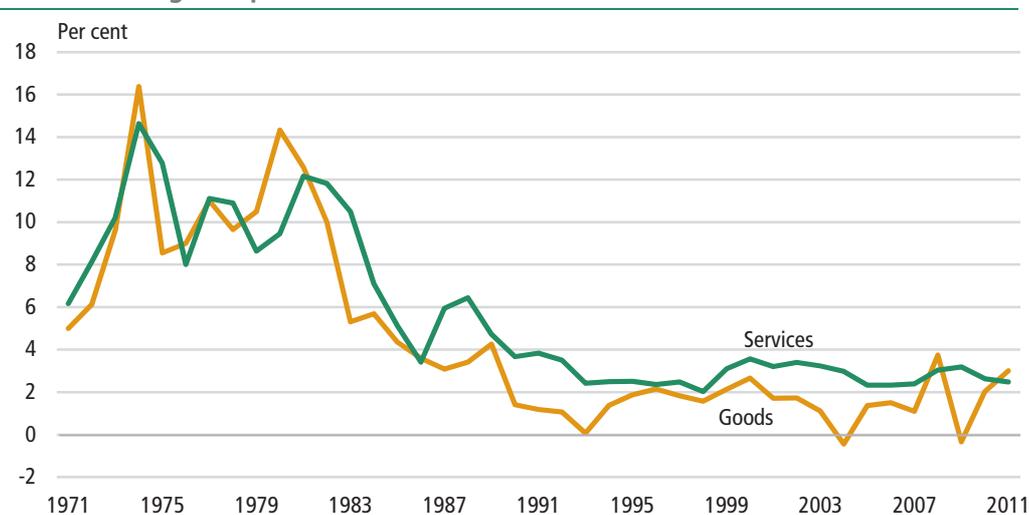
There was a fall in the price index for domestic supply in 1986-1987, 1992-1993, 1998 and 2009, while the consumer price index has increased during the entire period since 1970, which has resulted in higher prices charged to consumers.

Sub-indices for goods and services

Figure 13 illustrates the annual changes in the consumer price index by goods and services. Similar to the overall consumer price index, these indices reflect the high levels of inflation from the early 1970s to the early 1980s. The increases in the services index were greater than those in the goods index during the periods before and after the oil crises.

Since the end of the 1980s, the services index has been higher than the goods index in almost all years. This may be partly attributed to the fact that the services index to a greater extent than the goods index is influenced by developments in wages and salaries. In 2008 the prices on goods increased more than the prices on services, which to a great extent can be attributed to high price increases on food during that year. During 2011 the prices on goods also increased more than the prices on services. This can to a large extent be attributed to big price increases on gasoline and other energy products.

Figure 13 Annual changes in price indices



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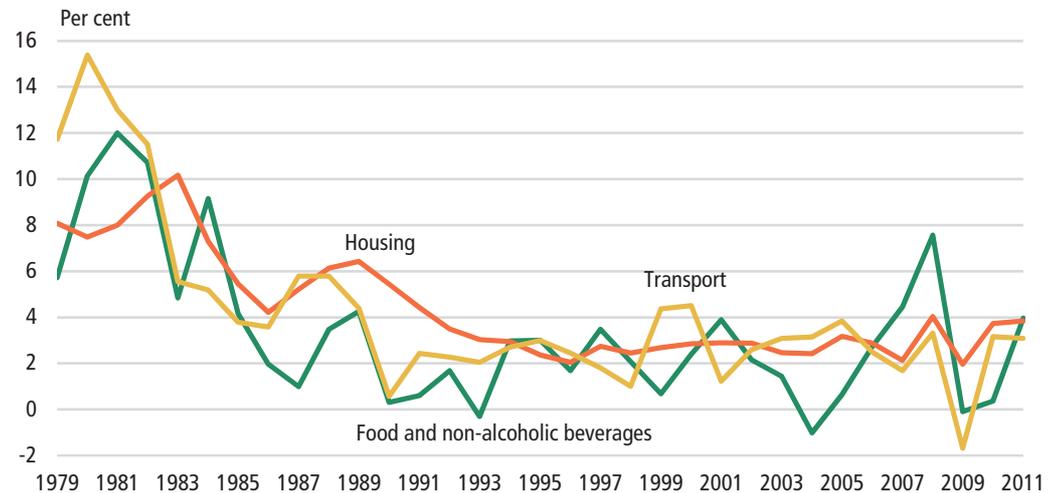
The housing index, the food index, and the transport index

Figure 14 shows the annual changes in three of the sub-indices of the consumer price index: The housing index, the food index, and the transport index. Generally, these sub-indices show the same overall trend as the consumer price index, i.e. greatest change during the period around the two oil crises.

From 2002 to 2006, the growth rate on food prices has been lower than that of housing and transport. In 2004, food prices were decreasing, while they in the following years have increased more and more until 2008. In 2008 the food prices increased 7.6 per cent, while they were more or less stable in 2009 and 2010.

In 2011 the food prices increased by 3.9 per cent due to among others rising coffee prices and taxes on butter and edible oils. The index for housing rose 3.8 per cent due to rising prices for rents, oil and electricity. The transport index rose 3.0 per cent in 2010, mainly due to higher gasoline prices.

Figure 14 Annual changes in selected sub-indices



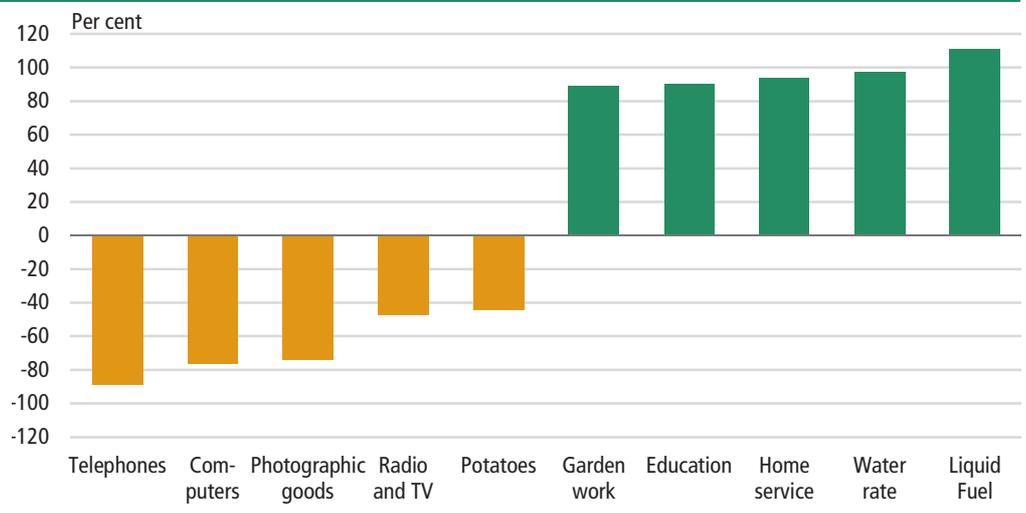
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Greatest changes in consumer prices since 2000

Figure 15 shows the commodity and service groups that account for the greatest falls or increases in prices from January 2000 to January 2012. During the period, there was a fall of 89 per cent for telephones. Especially, mobile phones have been instrumental in reducing prices.

There is also a sharp fall in computers (-76 per cent) and photographic equipment (-74 per cent). During the period, radio and TV accounts for a fall of almost 47 per cent, while there was a fall in prices for potatoes of 44 per cent.

Figure 15 Percentage change in consumer prices. January 2000 - January 2012



Since 2000 prices for heating oil has risen 111 per cent while water rates have increased by 97 per cent. Education has risen by 90 per cent in the period, due to, among other things, a reduction in subsidies allocated to evening schools. During the period garden work, etc. has increased by 89 per cent. Home service (e.g. cleaning activities and window cleaning) has increased by 94 per cent. The rise in the prices for garden work and home service is mainly due to the abolition of subsidies allocated to home service.

Generally speaking, goods with a highly technological content account for the highest falls in prices since 2000, while services and energy products account for the highest increases.

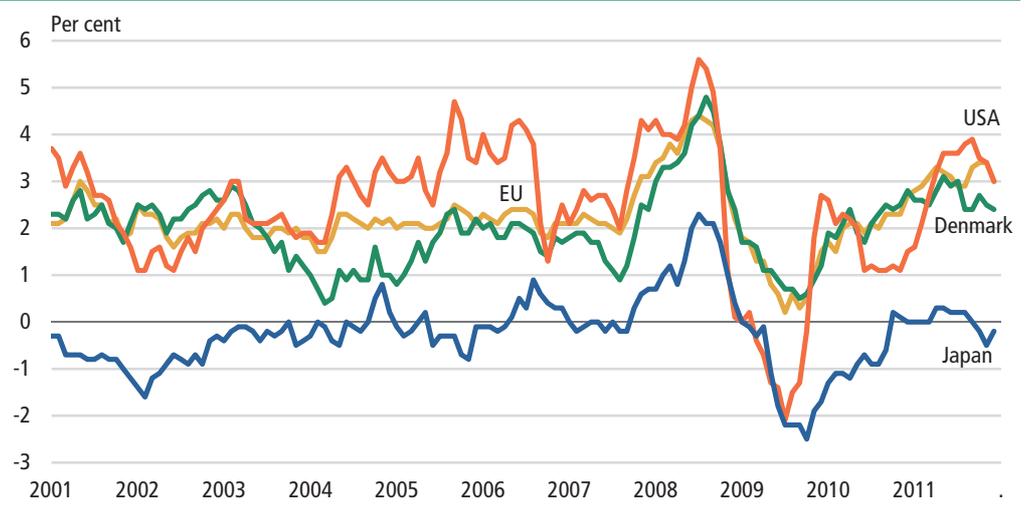
International comparison of price trends

From 2001 to 2004 the inflation in EU and USA has ranged at a level between 1 per cent and 3 per cent.

Since the beginning of 2004 and until the middle of 2006, inflation has been somewhat higher in the United States, compared to the EU, while Denmark has, on average, accounted for a considerably lower rate of inflation than in the EU.

In the second half of 2007, the inflation in the United States, the EU, Denmark and Japan rose considerably, mainly due to globally rising food and energy prices. This increase slowed down in the last months of 2008 and the inflation rates were moderate in 2009. U.S. and Japan have even experienced deflation for several months in 2009. In 2010 and 2011 the inflation rates were again rising mostly due to rising energy prices. Japan had however only minor increases in prices in 2011 - and with deflation in the last months of the year.

Figure 16 Inflation in EU, Denmark, USA and Japan



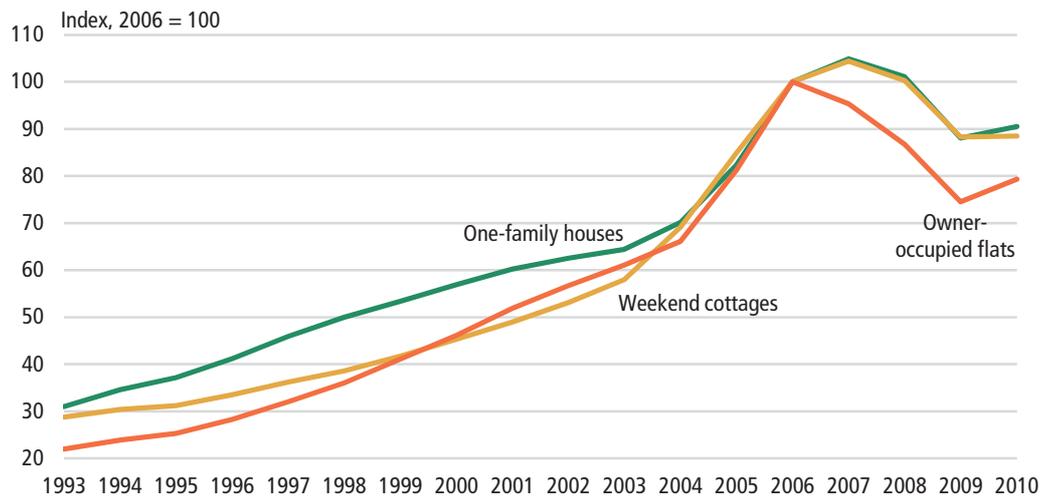
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Price trends for sales of property

Strong growth in price of dwellings replaced by falling prices

Prices of dwellings increased from the beginning of the 1990s until 2006, when the first indications of price falls began to appear. Prices have been falling until 2009, after which prices in 2010 again shows a slight increase in all property categories.

Figure 17 Price trends for owner-occupied dwellings



www.statbank.dk/ejen6

Table 202 Personal income by type of income. 2010

	Primary income			Transfer income			Property income, net	Disposable income	
	Wages and salaries, etc.	Entrepreneurial income etc.	Total	Unemployment benefits etc.	Pensions etc.	Social benefits			Total ³
	DKK thousands								
Men and women	184.2	16.2	200.4	4.6	50.3	8.3	72.3	9.5	195.5
Self-employed, total¹	27.9	368.5	396.4	2.3	20.8	8.3	36.5	-75.4	240.9
Self-employed with employees	15.8	668.6	684.4	0.2	9.1	7.4	19.9	-235.8	297.9
Self-employed without employees	32.5	285.3	317.8	3.0	24.4	8.8	41.6	-29.5	227.0
Assisting spouses	11.3	148.2	159.6	0.4	22.7	5.0	36.6	11.2	159.8
Employees, total	345.5	2.5	348.0	3.7	4.8	3.9	20.3	10.6	251.4
Top managers	682.0	8.2	690.3	1.1	7.6	1.0	13.0	69.1	456.4
Employees, highest level	459.8	5.1	464.9	2.1	5.2	2.6	17.9	13.9	319.4
Employees, medium level	368.0	1.7	369.7	2.1	3.6	3.3	18.6	7.9	264.7
Employees, basic level	282.6	1.0	283.7	4.6	3.0	4.3	20.1	2.6	210.3
Other employees	251.2	0.9	252.1	7.3	3.9	5.8	23.9	0.8	191.1
Employees, not further specified	305.0	4.5	309.5	3.5	12.2	5.2	27.8	24.3	242.5
Unemployed	44.1	1.6	45.6	127.4	1.2	22.6	158.5	0.4	155.1
Temporarily outside the labour force	10.5	0.3	10.8	44.6	6.9	109.2	175.4	-1.3	144.5
Not economically active									
Pensioners and others	2.6	0.4	2.9	0.1	173.9	1.2	183.2	25.1	160.8
Recipients of cash benefits	4.5	0.0	4.5	0.3	3.0	129.9	150.9	-2.7	120.6
Others persons not economically active ²	11.3	0.4	11.6	0.2	5.0	5.5	27.1	3.1	40.7

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkp1.www.statbank.dk/06¹ Includes assisting spouses. ² Includes unknown. ³ Includes other transfer income.

Table 203 Disposable income by sex and level of income. 2010

	Men			Women			Total		
	thousands			per cent					
Persons, total	2 214.1	2 289.9	4 503.9	49	51	100			
Disposable income									
Less than 50 000 DKK	225.0	199.2	424.2	53	47	100			
DKK 50 000 – DKK 99 999	192.0	271.7	463.7	41	59	100			
DKK 100 000 – DKK 149 999	376.1	455.8	831.9	45	55	100			
DKK 150 000 – DKK 199 999	385.3	494.2	879.5	44	56	100			
DKK 200 000 – DKK 249 999	357.5	402.8	760.3	47	53	100			
DKK 250 000 – DKK 299 999	267.5	250.1	517.6	52	48	100			
DKK 300 000 – DKK 349 999	162.2	114.7	276.9	59	41	100			
DKK 350 000 – DKK 399 999	90.0	47.7	137.7	65	35	100			
DKK 400 000 – DKK 449 999	51.0	22.0	73.0	70	30	100			
DKK 450 000 – DKK 499 999	30.0	11.2	41.1	73	27	100			
DKK 500 000 – DKK 599 999	31.6	10.1	41.7	76	24	100			
DKK 600 000 – DKK 699 999	15.3	4.2	19.5	78	22	100			
DKK 700 000 – DKK 799 999	8.4	2.0	10.4	81	19	100			
DKK 800 000 – DKK 899 999	5.1	1.1	6.3	82	18	100			
DKK 900 000 – DKK 999 999	3.5	0.7	4.3	83	17	100			
DKK 1 000 000 – DKK 1 999 999	10.2	1.8	12.0	85	15	100			
DKK 2 000 000 – DKK 2 999 999	1.8	0.3	2.1	87	13	100			
DKK 3 mio +	1.5	0.3	1.8	85	15	100			

www.statbank.dk/06

Table 204 Disposable income by sex and age. 2010

	Number of persons	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average	Gini coefficient ¹
	thousands	DKK thousands				
Men and women						
Total	4 503.9	117.7	179.6	251.4	195.5	0.28
15-19 years	351.9	7.3	20.3	44.0	30.3	0.30
20-24 years	320.9	65.6	99.2	137.0	105.4	0.33
25-29 years	296.3	107.0	161.7	208.4	159.7	0.27
30-34 years	333.9	159.3	209.3	256.9	209.8	0.24
35-39 years	384.4	177.7	229.6	286.0	240.2	0.24
40-44 years	399.6	180.4	235.9	298.9	253.7	0.25
45-49 years	407.3	177.4	234.4	299.4	255.8	0.26
50-54 years	365.5	172.1	229.6	295.4	252.5	0.26
55-59 years	348.5	167.7	225.3	291.1	246.9	0.27
60-64 years	363.2	142.7	191.5	266.1	223.4	0.28
65-69 years	318.3	114.5	153.0	215.9	185.4	0.28
70-74 years	223.5	108.4	143.7	191.7	170.3	0.24
75 years +	390.5	118.6	145.2	179.9	164.3	0.21
Men						
Total	2 214.1	121.2	190.7	271.0	211.8	0.29
15-19 years	180.7	6.7	19.5	44.0	30.8	0.30
20-24 years	164.3	62.7	100.7	145.3	108.7	0.34
25-29 years	148.7	106.5	167.0	218.7	165.7	0.27
30-34 years	166.6	155.2	214.5	269.9	216.2	0.24
35-39 years	192.2	175.1	236.4	302.9	251.4	0.25
40-44 years	202.0	178.1	243.3	319.1	268.0	0.26
45-49 years	205.8	178.6	244.7	322.4	274.3	0.27
50-54 years	183.6	177.8	244.1	321.8	274.6	0.27
55-59 years	174.0	176.9	243.1	318.7	271.9	0.27
60-64 years	180.0	156.0	214.5	299.2	254.4	0.28
65-69 years	156.1	130.3	172.0	251.2	214.8	0.28
70-74 years	105.7	124.6	158.2	222.9	196.9	0.25
75 years +	154.3	122.1	149.8	200.9	181.9	0.23
Women						
Total	2 289.9	114.4	171.0	235.1	179.7	0.28
15-19 years	171.2	7.9	21.1	44.0	29.8	0.31
20-24 years	156.6	69.0	98.0	130.3	101.8	0.31
25-29 years	147.6	107.5	158.0	199.5	153.7	0.26
30-34 years	167.3	162.3	205.2	245.8	203.5	0.23
35-39 years	192.2	179.7	224.5	272.2	229.0	0.24
40-44 years	197.6	182.1	230.3	282.6	239.1	0.25
45-49 years	201.5	176.5	226.3	280.6	236.9	0.25
50-54 years	181.9	168.4	218.1	272.9	230.2	0.25
55-59 years	174.5	161.6	211.3	266.9	222.0	0.26
60-64 years	183.2	133.8	173.2	235.1	193.0	0.27
65-69 years	162.2	101.2	139.1	185.4	157.1	0.27
70-74 years	117.8	93.2	133.0	166.7	146.5	0.23
75 years +	236.2	114.8	143.2	170.1	152.8	0.19

¹ The Gini coefficient is calculated based on equalised disposable income.

Table 205 (page 1 of 2) Average income in municipalities. 2010

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Total			
	Primary income	Transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Transfer income	Disposable income	
	DKK thousands									
	238.3	65.6	211.8	163.8	78.9	179.7	200.4	72.3	195.5	
	243.2	55.9	204.7	179.9	70.6	178.9	210.7	63.4	191.4	
101	Copenhagen	233.0	53.7	194.9	176.6	68.1	173.1	204.3	61.0	183.8
147	Frederiksberg	292.0	62.3	243.9	194.5	79.4	199.4	239.7	71.5	220.0
155	Dragør	320.1	75.2	277.9	205.8	78.7	217.7	260.5	77.0	246.5
185	Tårnby	241.7	64.5	220.7	178.3	77.3	190.0	208.8	71.1	204.8
	Copenhagen surburban	278.4	66.3	243.3	185.0	80.7	199.2	229.9	73.8	220.4
165	Albertslund	204.3	66.3	192.6	160.8	79.2	175.7	182.2	72.8	184.1
151	Ballerup	234.0	71.4	211.9	171.9	83.7	184.6	202.0	77.7	197.8
153	Brøndby	204.1	70.5	194.1	148.6	85.7	171.1	175.4	78.3	182.2
157	Gentofte	488.2	72.1	402.9	236.3	80.7	261.6	352.9	76.7	327.1
159	Gladsaxe	261.8	60.2	224.5	187.5	77.7	194.0	223.3	69.2	208.6
161	Glostrup	245.2	64.2	217.5	173.7	81.6	187.1	208.0	73.3	201.7
163	Herlev	233.6	67.2	213.6	173.0	81.2	187.0	201.9	74.5	199.7
167	Hvidovre	231.8	61.8	206.5	173.7	78.0	182.2	202.0	70.1	194.0
169	Høje-Taastrup	237.6	63.5	210.6	171.7	77.8	182.8	204.3	70.7	196.5
183	Ishøj	206.2	63.3	188.3	155.7	78.5	170.2	180.7	71.0	179.1
173	Lyngby-Taarbæk	343.2	69.8	291.9	210.7	84.8	226.7	273.2	77.7	257.5
175	Rødovre	226.7	64.8	203.4	168.6	83.6	183.0	196.4	74.6	192.8
187	Vallensbæk	286.7	62.8	248.0	201.6	72.0	202.8	243.3	67.5	224.9
	Nordsjælland	306.5	71.5	267.2	197.2	79.4	208.3	250.1	75.6	236.8
201	Allerød	350.6	66.0	288.7	227.4	70.2	222.8	287.2	68.1	254.8
240	Egedal	312.6	56.8	255.0	218.5	66.9	208.2	264.8	61.9	231.2
210	Fredensborg	315.4	68.6	266.5	193.6	78.2	205.0	251.8	73.6	234.4
250	Frederikssund	249.7	65.5	219.4	181.3	77.1	188.4	215.0	71.4	203.7
190	Furesø	333.2	73.9	284.4	218.1	80.5	219.9	273.4	77.3	250.9
270	Gribskov	240.6	72.5	226.9	177.6	78.2	194.3	208.8	75.4	210.4
260	Halsnæs	207.1	74.6	201.7	160.8	83.9	179.1	183.7	79.3	190.3
217	Helsingør	251.5	73.5	229.9	172.1	84.6	192.0	210.4	79.3	210.3
219	Hillerød	292.2	63.6	244.8	199.2	74.0	200.5	244.0	69.0	221.9
223	Hørsholm	455.6	90.9	384.0	211.2	89.5	243.0	324.1	90.2	308.2
230	Rudersdal	430.7	84.3	381.1	225.1	86.9	248.9	322.8	85.7	311.7
	Bornholm	175.3	82.4	184.5	125.4	92.6	163.2	150.0	87.6	173.7
	Østsjælland	274.5	63.0	234.7	190.1	74.0	194.1	231.3	68.6	213.9
253	Greve	277.6	65.2	240.9	192.5	74.6	197.3	234.0	70.0	218.6
259	Køge	247.0	63.1	216.5	176.3	75.6	185.5	210.8	69.5	200.6
350	Lejre	290.1	59.9	240.4	198.3	70.6	196.7	243.8	65.3	218.3
265	Roskilde	277.8	63.7	237.3	192.6	74.6	196.0	234.0	69.3	216.1
269	Solrød	309.2	59.3	253.1	202.4	69.4	199.0	254.5	64.5	225.4
	Vest- og Sydsjælland	210.2	71.6	197.4	150.8	83.6	173.5	180.1	77.7	185.3
320	Faxe	230.1	63.7	204.3	161.6	79.2	178.0	195.5	71.5	191.0
376	Guldborgsund	186.4	78.0	185.1	137.9	87.3	167.0	161.8	82.7	175.9
316	Holbæk	235.7	63.1	209.1	167.4	76.6	181.2	200.7	70.0	194.8
326	Kalundborg	211.7	72.4	200.4	151.5	84.3	175.0	181.5	78.3	187.7
360	Lolland	166.0	86.4	174.0	121.2	95.2	157.4	143.6	90.8	165.7
370	Næstved	222.2	67.2	203.2	158.0	80.9	177.0	189.3	74.3	189.8
306	Odsherred	181.7	83.3	188.0	134.2	93.1	169.2	157.7	88.2	178.5
329	Ringsted	241.7	59.8	212.3	170.5	75.1	181.5	205.6	67.6	196.7
330	Slagelse	209.1	71.2	196.1	148.2	83.0	171.9	178.1	77.2	183.8
340	Sorø	231.3	64.7	207.5	164.4	79.5	176.5	197.4	72.2	191.8
336	Stevns	231.7	68.5	210.6	164.5	77.5	180.9	197.9	73.0	195.7
390	Vordingborg	192.8	78.2	189.1	140.8	89.9	171.4	166.3	84.2	180.1

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf1.www.statbank.dk/06

Table 205 (page 2 of 2) Average income in municipalities. 2010

Municipality-code	Men			Women			Total		
	Primary income	Transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Transfer income	Disposable income	Primary income	Transfer income	Disposable income
	DKK thousands								
Fyn	207.0	70.8	197.5	146.2	83.5	171.3	176.1	77.3	184.2
420 Assens	213.0	68.1	194.6	150.8	80.6	169.6	181.7	74.4	182.0
430 Faaborg-Midtfyn	203.6	69.9	190.3	145.0	84.1	168.6	174.0	77.1	179.3
440 Kerteminde	215.6	72.4	201.4	148.1	84.5	172.0	181.4	78.5	186.5
482 Langeland	163.3	85.9	171.6	117.4	92.9	154.9	140.2	89.4	163.2
410 Middelfart	237.6	69.4	216.6	160.2	82.4	180.1	198.4	76.0	198.1
480 Nordfyns	209.7	66.8	188.2	150.5	79.6	168.3	180.2	73.2	178.3
450 Nyborg	203.6	78.6	196.2	142.2	89.1	169.3	172.5	83.9	182.6
461 Odense	206.2	68.8	198.0	146.7	82.5	172.6	175.6	75.8	184.9
479 Svendborg	201.1	73.4	203.6	143.8	84.1	172.0	172.0	78.9	187.5
492 Ærø	169.8	82.3	187.9	109.5	94.5	160.6	140.1	88.3	174.5
Sydjylland	227.9	65.4	204.4	151.2	79.8	171.7	189.3	72.6	187.9
530 Billund	239.1	58.1	209.7	155.9	77.1	172.0	197.6	67.6	190.9
561 Esbjerg	226.9	66.3	208.9	149.5	79.8	170.7	188.0	73.0	189.7
563 Fanø	228.4	85.2	240.5	152.5	89.4	182.1	189.5	87.3	210.6
607 Fredericia	227.1	70.7	211.4	150.8	84.7	173.3	188.8	77.7	192.3
510 Haderslev	214.2	68.9	192.4	144.5	82.7	170.1	179.1	75.8	181.2
621 Kolding	242.7	61.6	214.4	160.1	76.8	177.4	200.9	69.3	195.7
540 Sønderborg	207.3	72.2	199.0	142.9	84.2	166.4	174.8	78.3	182.6
550 Tønder	207.1	66.7	176.9	135.8	81.6	161.5	171.4	74.2	169.2
573 Varde	240.1	60.1	194.5	152.3	76.0	167.9	196.6	68.0	181.3
575 Vejen	231.1	60.0	192.6	145.7	77.8	166.8	188.7	68.9	179.8
630 Vejle	245.2	62.6	219.9	166.4	77.9	182.5	205.3	70.3	201.0
580 Aabenraa	213.6	67.0	196.6	143.0	79.5	165.6	177.9	73.3	180.9
Østjylland	234.5	62.9	209.3	160.2	77.0	177.8	196.8	70.0	193.3
710 Favrskov	261.1	55.5	218.6	176.5	70.7	184.5	218.9	63.1	201.5
766 Hedensted	244.1	55.6	211.9	162.1	73.8	176.3	203.3	64.6	194.2
615 Horsens	227.6	62.9	204.2	155.6	78.3	175.0	191.4	70.6	189.5
707 Norddjurs	203.3	68.7	188.0	140.1	80.7	163.8	171.8	74.7	175.9
727 Odder	241.2	64.4	219.4	164.1	77.8	184.9	201.8	71.3	201.8
730 Randers	216.0	67.6	196.6	147.1	82.0	168.7	181.2	74.8	182.5
741 Samsø	175.1	83.4	170.9	126.8	95.7	166.1	150.3	89.7	168.5
740 Silkeborg	244.4	60.8	214.8	163.6	75.7	181.2	203.5	68.4	197.8
746 Skanderborg	279.3	56.1	234.8	187.9	70.3	192.9	233.1	63.3	213.6
706 Syddjurs	227.2	69.6	210.3	151.3	81.0	173.4	188.9	75.3	191.7
751 Aarhus	231.3	63.3	209.1	160.8	76.8	179.0	195.1	70.2	193.7
Vestjylland	232.4	62.5	202.9	152.3	78.0	171.9	192.4	70.2	187.4
657 Herning	233.6	59.9	207.9	152.3	76.9	174.1	192.9	68.4	191.0
661 Holstebro	237.2	61.4	206.5	154.4	76.0	172.8	195.3	68.8	189.4
756 Ikast-Brande	228.4	59.1	198.7	149.5	76.6	169.3	189.2	67.8	184.1
665 Lemvig	252.4	65.2	203.1	146.8	78.6	165.5	200.2	71.8	184.5
760 Ringkøbing-Skjern	240.5	60.0	202.2	148.6	77.5	169.5	195.1	68.6	186.1
779 Skive	209.1	68.6	189.5	143.6	81.7	166.4	176.7	75.0	178.1
671 Struer	218.7	70.2	199.7	142.6	83.8	166.7	180.9	77.0	183.3
791 Viborg	235.9	62.7	206.3	162.3	77.9	177.4	199.0	70.3	191.8
Nordjylland	215.9	67.5	191.5	147.9	81.0	168.2	181.8	74.3	179.8
810 Brønderslev	214.8	67.5	184.6	149.1	81.7	167.3	182.1	74.6	176.0
813 Frederikshavn	205.9	74.6	195.9	136.3	86.6	166.1	170.8	80.6	180.9
860 Hjørring	209.5	69.4	186.2	145.1	81.9	166.3	177.0	75.7	176.1
849 Jammerbugt	212.1	67.8	189.0	147.9	80.9	168.1	180.3	74.3	178.7
825 Læsø	178.4	82.5	183.5	117.9	92.5	156.9	148.6	87.4	170.3
846 Mariagerfjord	220.2	65.5	191.5	150.1	80.1	169.0	185.4	72.8	180.3
773 Morsø	195.7	74.1	172.4	128.0	87.3	158.1	161.9	80.7	165.3
840 Rebild	253.5	58.0	201.6	170.3	72.9	177.8	212.5	65.4	189.9
787 Thisted	214.1	66.7	185.4	140.2	82.1	164.4	177.2	74.4	174.9
820 Vesthimmerlands	212.1	65.9	177.1	142.5	81.3	162.3	177.6	73.5	169.8
851 Aalborg	219.5	66.1	198.5	153.8	79.1	171.3	186.3	72.7	184.8

Table 206 Income, total. 2010

	Number of families	Lower quartile	Median	Upper quartile	Average
	thousands	DKK thousands			
Families, total	2 792.6	206.7	349.3	617.6	458.5
Without children	2 026.5	184.6	276.4	444.3	359.9
With 1 child	313.4	372.7	580.8	787.7	635.0
With 2 children	327.6	523.2	707.8	902.8	771.5
With 3 or more children	125.2	510.8	714.9	926.4	793.5
Couples, total	1 329.5	405.9	612.3	812.0	674.5
Without children	734.5	325.1	483.1	680.2	559.6
With 1 child	213.0	545.2	695.7	876.2	761.6
With 2 children	273.0	617.9	759.3	949.6	845.4
With 3 or more children	109.1	594.0	757.7	965.5	850.8
Single persons, total	1 463.1	166.0	219.5	327.8	262.3
Without children	1 292.0	160.1	206.1	304.6	246.5
With 1 child	100.4	246.0	335.1	433.4	366.7
With 2 or more children	70.7	289.8	367.2	459.9	403.0

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf1.www.statbank.dk/06**Table 207** Income, total by family type and level of income. 2010

	Families total			Singles				Couples				
	Total	Without children	With children	Total	Without children	With 1 child	With 2 + children	Total	Without children	With 1 child	With 2 children	With 3 + children
	thousands											
Number of families	2 792.6	2 026.5	766.1	1 463.1	1 292.0	100.4	70.7	1 329.5	734.5	213.0	273.0	109.1
Income, total												
Under 50 000 DKK	69.6	66.0	3.6	64.5	63.0	1.1	0.4	5.1	3.0	0.8	0.8	0.5
50 000 -99 999 DKK	85.0	82.8	2.2	81.9	80.5	1.0	0.4	3.1	2.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
100 000 -149 999 DKK	137.4	133.6	3.8	130.7	128.1	2.0	0.6	6.7	5.5	0.6	0.4	0.2
150 000 -199 999 DKK	358.7	347.6	11.1	345.4	336.8	7.0	1.6	13.3	10.8	1.3	0.8	0.4
200 000 -249 999 DKK	287.6	261.9	25.8	228.7	207.5	15.3	5.9	58.9	54.4	2.4	1.4	0.7
250 000 -299 999 DKK	248.3	216.4	31.9	166.3	141.2	13.8	11.2	82.0	75.1	3.5	2.1	1.3
300 000 -349 999 DKK	212.5	175.4	37.1	136.3	110.7	14.5	11.2	76.2	64.8	5.6	3.7	2.0
350 000 -399 999 DKK	182.0	141.4	40.6	103.7	78.9	13.5	11.2	78.3	62.4	7.0	5.3	3.6
400 000 -449 999 DKK	143.5	105.3	38.2	70.0	50.8	10.3	9.0	73.5	54.5	8.4	6.8	3.8
450 000 -499 999 DKK	119.1	82.0	37.1	43.5	30.3	7.0	6.2	75.6	51.6	11.0	8.9	4.1
500 000 -599 999 DKK	213.6	127.3	86.3	44.4	30.1	7.7	6.5	169.2	97.3	30.4	30.3	11.3
600 000 -699 999 DKK	203.9	97.4	106.5	19.8	13.5	3.3	3.0	184.2	84.0	36.8	47.0	16.3
700 000 -799 999 DKK	165.6	66.1	99.5	10.0	7.0	1.6	1.5	155.6	59.2	32.7	46.7	17.0
800 000 -899 999 DKK	117.0	41.4	75.7	5.4	3.9	0.8	0.7	111.6	37.5	23.9	36.7	13.5
900 000 -999 999 DKK	76.5	24.9	51.5	3.3	2.4	0.5	0.4	73.2	22.5	16.0	24.9	9.8
1 000 000 -1 999 999 DKK	153.3	49.0	104.3	7.4	5.8	0.9	0.7	146.0	43.3	29.4	51.6	21.7
2 000 000 -2 999 999 DKK	12.0	4.8	7.3	1.0	0.8	0.1	0.1	11.1	3.9	2.0	3.5	1.7
3 mio DKK +	6.9	3.1	3.7	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.1	6.1	2.4	1.0	1.7	0.9

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf1.www.statbank.dk/06

Table 208 Family incomings by type of dwelling. 2010

	Type of dwelling					Total	Type of ownership	
	Detached	Terraced or semi-detached	Apartment houses	Student hostels	Other dwellings ¹		Own dwelling	Rented ²
DKK thousands								
Income, total								
Families, total	602.6	411.2	329.5	115.4	295.2	458.5	629.8	305.8
Without children	466.0	337.6	291.9	112.0	253.4	359.9	500.7	264.2
With 1 child	753.2	573.5	475.2	274.3	542.1	635.0	781.3	451.4
With 2 children	847.0	678.7	561.8	341.0	670.3	771.5	865.4	534.8
With 3 or more children	883.8	671.6	517.3	357.3	756.3	793.5	906.7	532.2
Couples, total	730.6	619.0	545.2	229.8	572.8	674.5	739.3	514.0
Without children	600.2	519.3	490.8	214.0	498.0	559.6	613.0	447.9
With 1 child	817.7	735.2	624.5	317.7	693.9	761.6	834.7	595.0
With 2 children	880.7	806.3	686.3	368.0	773.9	845.4	890.8	661.3
With 3 or more children	912.4	766.3	588.0	381.1	816.6	850.8	923.9	612.2
Singles, total	302.3	271.7	250.8	103.1	197.0	262.3	349.0	233.0
Without children	279.9	250.0	240.1	102.4	189.6	246.5	328.2	219.2
With 1 child	429.2	376.3	331.6	200.7	318.5	366.7	482.5	325.3
With 2 or more children	459.4	402.9	359.9	256.5	390.0	403.0	513.7	361.0
All income including net interest recieved								
Families, total	609.2	416.4	325.4	114.3	291.7	460.5	641.5	299.1
Without children	484.6	345.7	289.3	111.0	254.4	367.0	525.2	259.4
With 1 child	744.5	569.3	463.6	270.8	513.1	625.8	775.9	437.4
With 2 children	839.5	676.3	548.7	334.1	636.7	763.4	860.8	517.7
With 3 or more children	851.5	667.9	507.1	354.2	676.4	767.6	876.0	517.2
Couples, total	734.8	625.6	536.2	227.6	563.3	675.9	746.9	500.2
Without children	621.8	532.2	485.5	212.3	506.5	573.1	637.7	438.1
With 1 child	807.4	730.4	608.8	314.2	650.8	750.3	827.0	575.4
With 2 children	872.3	804.5	670.0	360.8	732.3	836.4	885.1	638.7
With 3 or more children	878.0	762.7	576.0	378.4	719.8	821.5	891.4	593.7
Singles, total	314.6	276.0	248.4	102.2	195.7	264.7	371.4	228.7
Without children	294.2	255.9	238.4	101.5	188.6	249.8	352.5	215.5
With 1 child	428.6	372.9	324.0	196.9	310.5	361.8	489.6	316.2
With 2 or more children	460.7	399.1	352.5	250.5	380.9	399.2	523.6	352.0
Disposable income								
Families, total	415.0	290.4	226.4	87.2	207.4	316.8	436.6	210.0
Without children	336.4	244.6	201.4	84.7	182.7	256.0	364.1	182.5
With 1 child	498.6	386.5	318.6	203.6	353.3	422.6	518.6	302.0
With 2 children	559.2	459.1	380.4	249.5	435.5	512.5	572.4	361.3
With 3 or more children	573.6	465.7	371.5	271.3	463.1	524.3	588.3	376.5
Couples, total	498.2	427.9	367.2	170.5	393.9	459.7	506.2	344.6
Without children	430.9	371.3	334.1	159.5	360.6	397.1	441.6	304.2
With 1 child	539.2	488.7	410.0	232.0	442.0	502.1	551.7	389.0
With 2 children	579.2	536.2	453.1	266.0	495.1	556.8	587.2	433.4
With 3 or more children	589.1	520.1	411.2	287.4	488.0	555.7	597.3	420.2
Singles, total	219.9	198.1	175.1	78.3	141.4	186.9	258.1	162.9
Without children	205.3	183.5	167.0	77.7	136.2	175.8	245.2	152.6
With 1 child	294.5	261.9	230.8	155.2	222.6	254.1	333.5	225.7
With 2 or more children	332.3	296.0	267.5	198.6	278.6	295.5	370.4	267.1

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf1.

www.statbank.dk/06

¹ Includes unknown types of dwelling. ² Dwellings which are part of a housing association are included as rented.

Table 209 Family incomings for families with children. 2010

	Number of families	Age of youngest child						Total
		0-2 years	3-6 years	7-12 years	13-14 years	15-17 years	18-24 years	
	thousands	DKK thousands						
Income, total								
Families, total	766.1	655.1	698.8	737.5	751.2	751.3	781.8	719.3
With 1 child	313.4	586.2	555.5	564.1	606.5	655.7	759.2	635.0
With 2 children	327.6	697.5	739.3	777.4	815.1	862.6	918.9	771.5
With 3 or more children	125.2	718.0	765.9	843.5	906.0	934.0	991.5	793.5
Couples, total	595.0	701.2	792.3	861.9	885.1	889.9	911.6	816.4
With 1 child	213.0	642.4	700.6	749.0	783.0	817.9	892.9	761.6
With 2 children	273.0	732.6	810.1	875.2	913.6	953.9	1 011.2	845.4
With 3 or more children	109.1	756.7	826.7	915.1	974.0	1 000.7	1 058.6	850.8
Singles, total	171.1	276.3	334.3	379.3	404.8	415.4	465.6	381.7
With 1 child	100.4	245.8	306.0	350.5	373.8	384.1	453.7	366.7
With 2 or more children	70.7	312.7	358.6	403.5	442.9	491.3	574.3	403.0
All income including net interest received								
Families, total	766.1	637.5	685.5	726.7	742.9	745.2	775.4	707.8
With 1 child	313.4	569.5	544.2	554.6	598.4	650.4	755.2	625.8
With 2 children	327.6	682.1	731.6	772.1	811.6	858.3	898.7	763.4
With 3 or more children	125.2	694.4	739.6	817.6	875.1	901.4	949.4	767.6
Couples, total	595.0	682.4	777.1	849.0	874.7	882.6	903.4	802.8
With 1 child	213.0	624.0	686.7	736.9	772.3	811.8	888.1	750.3
With 2 children	273.0	716.6	802.1	869.4	909.3	948.9	985.8	836.4
With 3 or more children	109.1	731.4	797.1	885.2	937.6	963.1	1 006.7	821.5
Singles, total	171.1	269.1	328.0	374.6	401.9	412.1	463.7	377.3
With 1 child	100.4	239.2	299.2	344.0	368.9	380.2	451.7	361.8
With 2 or more children	70.7	304.9	352.9	400.3	442.5	489.6	573.8	399.2
Disposable income								
Families, total	766.1	432.7	463.2	487.5	499.9	503.5	523.8	477.6
With 1 child	313.4	384.7	369.3	374.2	403.0	439.0	509.6	422.6
With 2 children	327.6	461.6	491.3	514.3	543.6	579.3	609.4	512.5
With 3 or more children	125.2	478.2	504.3	555.2	599.4	619.2	658.9	524.3
Couples, total	595.0	460.5	519.5	562.7	582.6	591.0	607.7	537.0
With 1 child	213.0	419.1	458.4	488.8	513.6	541.7	596.9	502.1
With 2 children	273.0	482.7	534.0	572.6	603.0	635.9	665.3	556.8
With 3 or more children	109.1	499.7	537.4	594.7	637.4	657.1	697.3	555.7
Singles, total	171.1	204.6	244.0	271.2	285.9	291.4	319.3	271.2
With 1 child	100.4	176.4	216.1	241.8	257.0	267.2	310.3	254.1
With 2 or more children	70.7	238.3	268.1	295.9	321.4	350.1	401.5	295.5

Note: Calculation of the income can be found in detail at www.statbank.dk/indkf1.www.statbank.dk/06**Table 210** Persons by the welfare of the family. 2010

	0-15	16-19	20-24	25-29	30-39	40-49	50-59	60-69	69	Total
	years	years +								
How easy is it for the family to live within their income?										
Total	100									
Very easy	15	17	18	18	17	20	30	28	28	22
Easy	24	26	22	24	27	27	30	30	35	28
Fairly easy	32	33	29	30	32	30	24	25	22	28
Somewhat difficult	16	15	20	17	15	13	10	11	11	14
Difficult or very difficult	13	9	11	11	10	10	6	5	3	9
Do the family think that expenditure on housing is a burden?										
Total	100									
Not a problem	58	67	59	62	59	68	80	83	85	69
A burden to some extent	32	26	31	26	31	24	16	14	12	23
A heavy burden	11	8	11	12	10	9	4	3	3	7

www.statistikbank.dk/ifv1 and ifv5

Table 211 Income, consumption and taxation by household income. 2009

	Total household income					Total
	Under DKK 150 000	DKK 150 000- 299 999	DKK 300 000- 499 999	DKK 500 000- 799 999	DKK 800 000 +	
	DKK per household					
A. Earned income (B+C)	8 290	45 370	211 379	465 767	902 916	372 962
B. Wages and salaries, etc.	30 123	45 775	205 123	449 250	859 565	358 980
C. Entrepreneurial income, etc.	-21 833	- 405	6 256	16 518	43 351	13 982
D. Property income	2 291	14 565	29 673	44 707	85 792	40 674
E. Private transfers	4 909	24 922	54 176	53 888	51 786	43 311
F. Transfers from the public sector	61 051	130 236	91 832	69 153	38 462	83 251
G. Other income and reconciliation	1 513	1 484	3 971	3 727	5 014	3 385
H. Gross income (A+D+E+F+G)	78 054	216 576	391 031	637 242	1 083 970	543 581
I. Capital transfers to the household	742	1 374	3 715	7 537	50 055	14 736
J. Total income (H+I)	78 796	217 951	394 745	644 779	1 134 025	558 317
K. Income taxes, etc.	21 227	51 499	107 148	186 777	362 391	164 856
L. Private interest payments, etc.	5 064	9 423	21 254	42 280	79 545	35 412
M. Disposable amount (J-K-L)	52 506	157 029	266 343	415 721	692 089	358 050
N. Payments from capital pensions	361	3 242	15 632	15 057	4 914	8 909
O. Tax on payments from capital pensions	145	1 294	6 259	6 648	2 194	3 745
P. Disposable amount (M+N-O)	52 723	158 977	275 716	424 130	694 808	363 214
Q. Fines	88	129	239	255	338	229
R. Gifts, charity	3 360	3 923	3 586	3 984	6 434	4 422
S. Membership fees	769	982	2 065	3 813	5 765	2 945
T. Net saving (U+V+X+Y)	-82 619	-16 751	32 273	81 676	211 558	66 130
U. Pension and ATP contributions	2 962	5 175	22 858	55 147	121 907	47 243
V. Payments to private life insurance, etc.	1 099	178	957	2 384	4 131	1 800
X. Value of conversion, etc. of buildings	3 063	1 537	5 422	16 786	31 162	12 689
Y. Other saving, including residual	-89 743	-23 641	3 036	7 359	54 358	4 399
Z. Consumption (P-Q-R-S-T)	131 125	170 694	237 553	334 403	470 714	289 487
Food	15 056	18 258	24 547	36 649	48 442	30 530
Beverages and tobacco	5 157	7 807	10 182	12 682	15 483	11 066
Clothing and footwear	6 979	7 650	10 345	16 791	27 039	14 733
Rent (housing)	32 542	54 321	61 721	72 101	96 720	68 721
Electricity and fuels	11 266	15 239	18 241	22 885	28 093	20 377
Furniture, furnishings, household services	4 032	7 126	12 208	19 767	29 064	15 985
Medical products, services of physicians	3 016	6 107	6 708	8 005	10 740	7 585
Purchase of vehicles	1 772	2 106	8 191	17 114	23 725	11 750
Other transport services and communications	14 452	14 719	26 388	39 573	58 414	32 969
Recreation, entertainment, travel	17 068	16 867	28 441	38 300	53 933	32 849
Other goods and services	19 787	20 493	30 580	50 536	79 060	42 921
Indirect transfers from the public sector, total	71 688	54 536	50 761	66 178	94 831	66 404
Child care	1 545	4 511	10 796	18 147	28 541	14 369
Education	47 996	16 524	23 554	39 400	57 523	34 179
Health	22 146	33 501	16 411	8 631	8 768	17 856
Taxes on production and imports, total	25 921	34 235	51 882	77 114	107 088	64 122
VAT	16 765	21 033	30 479	46 195	64 524	38 556
Excise duty	6 947	9 643	16 495	24 446	31 326	19 330
Real property tax	230	28	126	122	811	267
Stamp duties	1 978	3 531	4 782	6 351	10 427	5 969
	number					
Persons per household	1.1	1.3	1.8	2.5	3.2	2.1
of whom adults	1.1	1.2	1.5	1.9	2.1	1.6
Households in the survey	102	508	603	605	666	2 484
Households in Denmark - thousand	129	693	635	526	619	2 602

Table 212 Income, consumption and taxation, by socio-economic status. 2009

	Socio-economic status of head of household								Total
	Self-employed	Employees - upper level	Employees - medium level	Employees - basic level	Unemployed	Receiving education	Pensioners, early-retirement	Other not economically active	
	DKK per household								
A. Earned income (B+C)	590 130	826 241	615 446	485 706	241 739	43 527	13 353	75 318	372 962
B. Wages and salaries, etc.	202 190	817 497	608 606	483 930	231 724	41 388	11 894	70 937	358 980
C. Entrepreneurial income, etc.	387 941	8 745	6 840	1 775	10 014	2 140	1 460	4 381	13 982
D. Property income	52 221	52 122	39 209	37 366	24 175	4 657	46 833	15 756	40 674
E. Private transfers	54 288	26 583	21 847	16 149	14 177	15 287	89 093	59 241	43 311
F. Transfers from the public sector	44 888	30 417	31 881	45 151	130 160	61 988	160 300	151 461	83 251
G. Other income and reconciliation	7 422	4 593	5 283	3 369	838	1 779	1 436	5 993	3 385
H. Gross income (A+D+E+F+G)	748 949	939 957	713 667	587 741	411 088	127 239	311 016	307 769	543 581
I. Capital transfers to the household	22 872	27 168	19 326	11 170	5 536	514	14 190	3 305	14 736
J. Total income (H+I)	771 820	967 125	732 993	598 911	416 624	127 752	325 206	311 074	558 317
K. Income taxes, etc.	227 694	305 800	221 104	176 890	112 643	22 272	91 247	68 312	164 856
L. Private interest payments, etc.	56 586	64 032	52 041	39 722	28 937	4 853	14 606	19 548	35 412
M. Disposable amount (J-K-L)	487 541	597 294	459 848	382 299	275 044	100 627	219 353	223 215	358 050
N. Payments from capital pensions	6 880	1 463	2 232	5 824	236	10	19 438	9 489	8 909
O. Tax on payments from capital pensions	3 319	728	909	2 778	141	5	7 756	3 833	3 745
P. Disposable amount (M+N-O)	491 102	598 028	461 171	385 344	275 138	100 632	231 035	228 871	363 214
Q. Fines	289	313	277	303	655	122	76	215	229
R. Gifts, charity	2 373	4 345	4 004	2 938	1 829	689	7 386	1 511	4 422
S. Membership fees	4 330	5 212	4 242	3 420	2 192	732	1 354	767	2 945
T. Net saving (U+V+X+Y)	90 341	173 402	95 018	81 251	37 490	-40 141	7 593	10 338	66 130
U. Pension and ATP contributions	79 315	118 031	75 675	53 964	33 314	2 106	5 106	9 364	47 243
V. Payments to private life insurance, etc.	3 993	2 950	3 286	2 328	1 204	68	264	523	1 800
X. Value of conversion, etc. of buildings	33 722	26 098	16 952	14 824	17 952	2 246	2 616	5 585	12 689
Y. Other saving, including residual	-26 689	26 324	-894	10 135	-14 979	-44 560	-394	-5 134	4 399
Z. Consumption (P-Q-R-S-T)	393 770	414 757	357 631	297 432	232 973	139 230	214 627	216 039	289 487
Food	39 604	42 656	36 508	31 953	22 975	13 896	22 760	25 450	30 530
Beverages and tobacco	14 300	12 858	11 816	12 223	10 793	5 336	9 095	9 399	11 066
Clothing and footwear	20 230	25 640	21 097	15 292	10 803	11 681	6 997	12 626	14 733
Rent (housing)	93 218	86 861	77 077	63 538	55 952	33 077	66 682	53 696	68 721
Electricity and fuels	19 507	23 549	22 425	20 633	19 917	8 600	19 339	17 157	20 377
Furniture, furnishings, household services	22 385	23 378	21 822	16 601	12 491	5 014	10 800	11 386	15 985
Medical products, services of physicians	11 036	10 002	6 868	6 525	3 141	1 866	8 581	6 101	7 585
Purchase of vehicles	24 319	21 978	19 151	12 418	9 073	826	4 537	4 413	11 750
Other transport services and communications	38 433	53 779	41 343	37 279	36 241	15 693	17 763	24 518	32 969
Recreation, entertainment, travels	46 143	44 583	41 367	35 473	19 660	17 596	23 460	23 177	32 849
Other goods and services	64 596	69 474	58 157	45 497	31 926	25 646	24 612	28 116	42 921
Indirect transfers from the public sector, total	65 632	85 088	79 374	65 908	47 870	103 671	46 595	94 451	66 404
Child care	12 071	26 566	26 044	14 961	8 394	5 689	499	35 913	14 369
Education	41 806	52 444	45 946	44 398	33 868	96 018	3 237	44 516	34 179
Health	11 755	6 077	7 384	6 549	5 608	1 964	42 858	14 021	17 856
Taxes on production and import, total	89 595	91 960	78 824	68 276	56 201	25 227	45 669	44 001	64 122
VAT	55 668	56 527	47 810	40 952	33 763	18 334	26 024	28 974	38 556
Excise duty	25 612	26 158	23 778	22 007	17 344	4 751	13 549	11 075	19 330
Stamp duties	323	380	442	266	1	125	211	1	267
Real property tax	7 992	8 895	6 794	5 051	5 093	2 017	5 885	3 951	5 969
	number								
Persons per household	2.3	2.7	2.5	2.4	1.9	1.2	1.4	2.2	2.1
of whom adults	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.6	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.6
Households in the survey	83	407	353	818	26	53	682	62	2 484
Households in Denmark - thousand	71	331	331	864	35	51	774	146	2 602

Table 213 Consumption for selected years

	DKK per household			Percentage		
	2003	2006	2009	2003	2006	2009
Total income	435 414	524 481	558 317	100.0	100.0	100.0
Income taxes etc.	138 579	159 969	164 856	31.8	30.5	29.5
Private interest payments, etc.	28 034	30 691	35 412	6.4	5.9	6.3
Disposable amount	268 801	333 822	358 050	61.7	63.6	64.1
Consumption expenditure	238 555	296 538	289 487	100.0	100.0	100.0
Food	26 428	29 475	30 530	11.1	9.9	10.5
Rice, bread, pasta, cookies, flour etc.	4 852	5 200	5 107	2.0	1.8	1.8
Meat, fish and spread/sandwich filling	7 483	9 087	9 251	3.1	3.1	3.2
Milk products, eggs, margarine etc.	4 819	4 962	5 273	2.0	1.7	1.8
Fruit	1 991	2 443	2 826	0.8	0.8	1.0
Vegetables	3 048	3 426	3 677	1.3	1.2	1.3
Sugar, jam, chocolate, sweets, ice etc.	3 345	3 447	3 292	1.4	1.2	1.1
Salt, spices, bouillon etc.	891	911	1 104	0.4	0.3	0.4
Beverages and tobacco	11 176	10 549	11 066	4.7	3.6	3.8
Beverages without alcohol	2 732	2 904	3 051	1.1	1.0	1.1
Beverages with alcohol	4 561	3 761	5 000	1.9	1.3	1.7
Cigarettes and tobacco	3 883	3 884	3 014	1.6	1.3	1.0
Clothing and footwear	11 595	15 042	14 733	4.9	5.1	5.1
Clothing etc.	9 433	11 753	12 171	4.0	4.0	4.2
Footwear etc.	2 162	3 290	2 562	0.9	1.1	0.9
Housing, heating etc.	71 499	79 961	89 098	30.0	27.0	30.8
Rent etc.	42 885	47 604	53 630	18.0	16.1	18.5
Repairs, upkeep	4 496	5 159	6 524	1.9	1.7	2.3
Water supply, refuse collection etc.	6 227	6 260	8 568	2.6	2.1	3.0
Electricity, gas, district heating etc.	17 891	20 937	20 377	7.5	7.1	7.0
Furnishings, household services etc.	14 836	16 687	15 985	6.2	5.6	5.5
Furnishing, furniture, fabrics etc.	6 533	7 701	6 558	2.7	2.6	2.3
White goods, kitchen ware etc.	3 761	3 964	4 432	1.6	1.3	1.5
Tools, equipment for house and garden	1 760	1 903	1 691	0.7	0.6	0.6
Cleaning equipment and household services	2 783	3 119	3 304	1.2	1.1	1.1
Medical products and health services	6 305	8 084	7 585	2.6	2.7	2.6
Medical products, vitamins, etc.	1 939	2 582	2 273	0.8	0.9	0.8
Spectacles, plasters, thermometers etc.	1 120	1 769	1 160	0.5	0.6	0.4
Dentists, physician, hospital etc.	3 246	3 733	4 153	1.4	1.3	1.4
Purchase of vehicles	10 423	19 644	11 750	4.4	6.6	4.1
Cars, motor cycles etc.	9 932	18 985	11 169	4.2	6.4	3.9
Bicycles	491	659	581	0.2	0.2	0.2
Other transport and communication	27 014	34 871	32 969	11.3	11.8	11.4
Petrol and lubricants	7 681	10 890	8 818	3.2	3.7	3.0
Repairs, spare parts and other services	9 565	12 525	12 015	4.0	4.2	4.2
Bus, train, taxi, aeroplane, ferry etc.	4 180	5 153	5 413	1.8	1.7	1.9
Postage, telephone, telephone rentals etc.	5 588	6 304	6 722	2.3	2.1	2.3
Equipment for leisure time and entertainment and travels	26 539	39 165	32 849	11.1	13.2	11.3
Radio, TV, CD, PC, photo equipment etc.	5 343	7 960	6 439	2.2	2.7	2.2
Caravan, boat, musical instruments etc.	1 294	6 242	907	0.5	2.1	0.3
Sports equipment, Toys, plants, pets etc.	6 215	7 260	7 210	2.6	2.4	2.5
Entertainments, licence fee etc.	7 170	8 161	9 150	3.0	2.8	3.2
Newspapers, books, drawing materials etc.	3 221	4 043	3 413	1.4	1.4	1.2
Package holidays	3 294	5 500	5 730	1.4	1.9	2.0
Other goods and services	32 740	43 060	42 921	13.7	14.5	14.8
Educations etc.	911	1 435	1 519	0.4	0.5	0.5
Expenditure on restaurants, hotels etc.	9 530	13 167	14 333	4.0	4.4	5.0
Hairdressers etc.	5 314	6 628	6 646	2.2	2.2	2.3
Jewellery, bags, prams etc.	1 685	1 989	1 922	0.7	0.7	0.7
Social protection services	2 987	3 720	3 562	1.3	1.3	1.2
Insurances and other services etc.	12 314	16 120	14 939	5.2	5.4	5.2

Table 214 Income, consumption and taxation, by type of household. 2009

	Single persons under 60 years without children	Single persons 60 years + without children	Single persons with children	2 adults, head of household under 60 years without children	2 adults, head of household 60 years + without children	2 adults with children	Households with at least 3 adults	Total
	DKK per household							
A. Earned income (B+C)	242 718	34 874	258 741	561 380	154 717	740 363	817 803	372 962
B. Wages and salaries, etc.	234 992	32 524	252 614	545 737	141 139	705 768	812 160	358 980
C. Entrepreneurial income, etc.	7 726	2 350	6 127	15 643	13 577	34 595	5 643	13 982
D. Property income	14 389	42 801	13 698	46 670	63 954	47 620	60 315	40 674
E. Private transfers	13 538	64 449	26 544	18 746	129 492	22 620	25 488	43 311
F. Transfers from the public sector	46 480	117 796	86 879	52 374	163 633	61 161	69 780	83 251
G. Other income and reconciliation	1 559	1 390	15 890	3 027	1 099	6 001	3 481	3 385
H. Gross income (A+D+E+F+G)	318 684	261 309	401 751	682 197	512 894	877 765	976 867	543 581
I. Capital transfers to the household	3 463	9 603	2 826	19 709	27 875	15 307	36 863	14 736
J. Total income (H+I)	322 147	270 912	404 577	701 906	540 770	893 072	1 013 730	558 317
K. Income taxes, etc.	94 335	71 572	96 266	208 911	166 717	269 626	306 135	164 856
L. Private interest payments, etc.	18 124	11 381	21 516	45 328	26 822	69 936	65 534	35 412
M. Disposable amount (J-K-L)	209 688	187 960	286 795	447 667	347 231	553 510	642 060	358 050
N. Payments from capital pensions	100	8 535	335	5 550	41 507	1 037	4 983	8 909
O. Tax on payments from capital pensions	60	3 414	201	3 107	16 562	607	2 083	3 745
P. Disposable amount (M+N-O)	209 729	193 081	286 930	450 110	372 176	553 940	644 961	363 214
Q. Fines	209	45	421	323	111	353	335	229
R. Gifts, charity	1 858	8 375	884	4 568	8 389	1 918	3 233	4 422
S. Membership fees	1 679	1 208	2 613	3 750	2 597	4 834	5 814	2 945
T. Net saving (U+V+X+Y)	26 733	6 221	19 209	112 219	56 241	113 747	186 465	66 130
U. Pension and ATP contributions	27 133	5 954	34 103	71 903	27 646	91 398	96 938	47 243
V. Payments to private life insurance, etc.	1 131	95	1 350	2 826	1 467	2 983	4 155	1 800
X. Value of conversion, etc. of buildings	2 860	2 646	8 412	14 531	10 003	33 346	15 796	12 689
Y. Other saving, including residual	-4 391	-2 474	-24 656	22 959	17 125	-13 980	69 576	4 399
Z. Consumption (P-Q-R-S-T)	179 250	177 233	263 804	329 250	304 838	433 088	449 112	289 487
Food	16 051	17 129	30 965	31 787	32 577	49 986	52 646	30 530
Beverages and tobacco	8 317	6 913	9 252	13 364	12 967	13 979	15 229	11 066
Clothing and footwear	9 665	5 353	18 929	16 271	11 561	26 186	24 453	14 733
Rent (housing)	46 817	61 549	66 552	70 757	79 099	85 058	89 845	68 721
Electricity and fuels	12 527	17 489	21 262	21 809	23 435	26 238	27 206	20 377
Furniture, furnishings, household services	8 544	7 135	10 359	20 139	19 239	25 654	24 470	15 985
Medical products, services of physicians	4 380	7 333	4 830	8 525	12 260	7 195	10 200	7 585
Purchase of vehicles	5 994	3 326	6 091	16 253	9 316	23 340	19 198	11 750
Other transport services and communications	20 498	12 720	27 853	42 843	30 225	51 823	64 945	32 969
Recreation, entertainment, travels	20 971	17 612	25 881	39 358	37 009	47 296	54 929	32 849
Other goods and services	25 485	20 675	41 830	48 144	37 150	76 334	65 992	42 921
Indirect transfers from the public sector, total	27 160	49 983	143 785	34 608	22 371	148 953	115 063	66 404
Child care	-	-	57 871	-	-	57 055	3 218	14 369
Education	19 549	947	78 672	27 383	1 697	79 636	101 834	34 179
Health	7 611	49 037	7 242	7 225	20 675	12 262	10 012	17 856
Taxes on production and import, total	37 210	36 963	56 564	74 523	69 052	98 619	100 375	64 122
VAT	22 537	20 742	36 529	44 681	39 496	61 555	59 773	38 556
Excise duty	11 536	10 750	15 560	23 441	20 981	28 958	31 227	19 330
Stamp duties	71	27	35	284	501	559	317	267
Real property tax	3 065	5 444	4 440	6 117	8 074	7 547	9 058	5 969
	number							
Persons per household	1.0	1.0	2.6	2.0	2.0	3.8	3.9	2.1
of whom adults	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	3.1	1.6
Households in the survey	431	357	101	435	480	512	168	2 484
Households in Denmark - thousand	573	463	129	402	377	516	141	2 602

Table 215 Consumption expenditure of households by type of dwelling. 2009

	Owner occupied detached house	Owner- occupied flat	Rented detached house	Rented flat	Flat in housing co- operative	Rented room	Total
	DKK per household						
Total income	750 395	667 780	385 706	340 837	423 671	140 800	558 317
Income taxes, etc.	218 076	257 082	106 833	95 642	132 826	35 140	164 856
Disposable amount	481 598	354 592	272 161	238 565	280 485	103 120	363 214
Net saving	109 999	12 200	30 893	29 597	33 633	-16 454	66 130
Total consumption	362 356	330 428	235 819	203 562	240 173	117 763	289 487
A Food	37 950	30 861	26 469	21 599	27 021	12 028	30 530
B Beverages and tobacco	12 674	11 574	10 125	9 570	9 215	5 491	11 066
C Clothing and footwear	17 872	13 836	11 135	10 682	16 772	5 765	14 733
D Housing, total	81 152	83 257	63 086	54 223	55 217	26 637	68 721
Rent	294	985	53 312	46 500	45 137	24 475	22 358
Stamp duties, loans in owner-occupied dwelling	-	-	-	13	108	-	13
Permanent renting of secondary dwelling, etc.	156	306	229	107	651	-	199
Imputed rent, owner-occupied dwelling	47 488	34 919	-	-	-	-	24 213
Land tax, owner-occupied dwelling	8 333	6 201	204	59	42	-	4 291
Stamp duties, loans in owner-occupied dwelling	213	1 159	-	-	-	-	160
Value of dwelling free of charge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Imputed rent, secondary dwelling	2 765	2 126	840	1 047	1 531	-	1 916
Land tax, secondary dwelling	690	353	174	261	443	-	471
Stamp duties, loans in secondary dwelling	13	-	8	-	-	-	7
Materials for maintenance of dwelling	1 717	1 509	988	372	485	46	1 125
Materials for repair of dwelling	1 414	2 990	416	217	162	-	933
Flagstones, etc. for gardens	260	12	12	37	353	-	167
Repair, etc. workman, dwelling	6 838	12 914	1 011	945	628	-	4 298
Water supply	2 188	1 848	1 667	1 297	1 515	603	1 785
Refuse collection	2 608	2 344	2 345	1 960	2 009	983	2 304
Water drainage, sewerage	3 012	2 327	1 553	1 142	1 539	468	2 145
Miscellaneous maintenance	2 551	4 061	269	107	174	-	1 482
Payments to homeowners' association, etc.	611	9 204	57	159	438	62	851
E Electricity and fuels	25 965	18 304	19 657	14 123	15 207	6 880	20 377
F Furniture, furnishings, household services	21 101	22 311	11 414	9 302	12 866	5 738	15 985
G Medical products, services of physicians	8 882	9 225	4 710	5 971	8 642	3 376	7 585
H Purchase of vehicles	17 347	15 420	6 020	5 897	6 261	2 007	11 750
I Transport services and communications	43 096	32 671	26 577	22 007	24 026	15 322	32 969
J Recreation, entertainment, travels	40 989	35 994	26 077	23 739	27 455	13 783	32 849
K Other goods and services	55 327	56 975	30 549	26 450	37 493	20 738	42 921
Interest on mortgage loans	45 680	56 012	1 772	830	1 495	-	24 968
Extension, etc. of dwelling	22 698	4 545	1 553	2 059	11 268	-	12 689
Total income per person	293 123	368 939	196 789	209 103	253 695	125 714	265 865
Total consumption per person	141 545	182 557	120 316	124 885	143 816	105 146	137 851
	number etc.						
Size of dwelling, square metre	144	92	98	76	87	51	111
Year of construction	1950	1945	1965	1950	1951	1957	1951
Persons per household	2.6	1.8	2.0	1.6	1.7	1.1	2.1
of whom adults	1.9	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.6
Households in the survey	1 412	137	180	514	197	44	2 484
Households in Denmark - thousand	1 228	134	239	702	240	58	2 602
Persons in Denmark - thousand	3 138	242	470	1 144	402	65	5 461

Table 216 Income, consumption and taxation by region. 2009

	Region Hovedstaden	Region Sjælland	Region Syddanmark	Region Midtjylland	Region Nordjylland	Total
	DKK per household					
A. Earned income (B+C)	388 944	387 636	358 300	385 653	306 171	372 962
B. Wages and salaries, etc.	376 961	375 076	330 040	375 138	306 547	358 980
C. Entrepreneurial income, etc.	11 982	12 560	28 260	10 515	-376	13 982
D. Property income	40 001	38 585	36 991	47 466	38 966	40 674
E. Private transfers	55 381	43 203	37 087	36 440	33 696	43 311
F. Transfers from the public sector	75 231	78 469	91 403	82 071	100 352	83 251
G. Other income and reconciliation	3 672	2 668	3 975	3 191	2 688	3 385
H. Gross income (A+D+E+F+G)	563 228	550 561	527 756	554 822	481 872	543 581
I. Capital transfers to the household	20 690	11 689	11 224	8 088	22 128	14 736
J. Total income (H+I)	583 918	562 249	538 980	562 909	504 000	558 317
K. Income taxes, etc.	183 218	162 939	154 976	161 528	138 373	164 856
L. Private interest payments, etc.	35 940	44 616	30 508	35 486	30 846	35 412
M. Disposable amount (J-K-L)	364 760	354 695	353 496	365 896	334 781	358 050
N. Payments from capital pensions	8 536	5 500	7 342	10 552	14 692	8 909
O. Tax on payments from capital pensions	3 538	2 249	3 010	4 276	6 925	3 745
P. Disposable amount (M+N-O)	369 758	357 946	357 828	372 171	342 548	363 214
Q. Fines	258	236	162	208	316	229
R. Gifts, charity	5 815	3 610	4 302	4 328	1 699	4 422
S. Membership fees	3 067	3 137	2 744	3 017	2 564	2 945
T. Net saving (U+V+X+Y)	56 534	55 538	75 675	79 526	62 339	66 130
U. Pension and ATP contributions	50 214	45 520	44 790	49 587	40 603	47 243
V. Payments to private life insurance, etc.	1 257	2 138	1 553	2 209	2 651	1 800
X. Value of conversion, etc. of buildings	10 060	14 854	9 974	14 578	19 455	12 689
Y. Other saving, including residual	-4 996	-6 974	19 357	13 152	-369	4 399
Z. Consumption (P-Q-R-S-T)	304 085	295 424	274 945	285 092	275 630	289 487
Food	31 701	31 254	29 932	30 207	27 808	30 530
Beverages and tobacco	12 428	12 025	10 236	9 878	9 753	11 066
Clothing and footwear, etc.	17 153	12 670	14 220	13 388	14 095	14 733
Rent (housing)	73 523	66 745	66 104	66 762	66 291	68 721
Electricity and fuels	20 153	21 713	19 182	19 443	23 674	20 377
Furniture, furnishings, household services	15 854	16 547	15 015	15 929	17 753	15 985
Medical products, services of physicians	8 681	7 839	7 039	7 042	6 128	7 585
Purchase of vehicles	10 176	15 396	10 622	13 769	9 523	11 750
Other transport services and communications	32 157	35 942	31 971	33 136	33 012	32 969
Recreation, entertainment, travel	36 178	34 637	29 504	31 893	29 039	32 849
Other goods and services	46 082	40 655	41 119	43 646	38 554	42 921
Indirect transfers from the public sector, total	68 809	58 020	65 180	73 290	58 700	66 404
Child care	14 172	18 114	14 616	13 267	11 493	14 369
Education	36 038	26 865	33 949	37 275	32 660	34 179
Health	18 599	13 041	16 615	22 748	14 547	17 856
Taxes on production and imports, total	65 394	68 677	60 548	63 568	62 394	64 122
VAT	39 259	40 020	36 750	38 057	39 150	38 556
Excise duties	17 630	22 374	18 965	20 263	19 070	19 330
Stamp duties	432	263	147	223	105	267
Real property tax	8 073	6 021	4 686	5 025	4 069	5 969
	number					
Persons per household	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1
of whom adults	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.6	1.6
Households in the survey	746	365	505	592	276	2 484
Households in Denmark - thousand	828	378	560	569	267	2 602

Table 217 Home appliances

	2010	2011
	thousands	
Number of families	2 497	2 440
	per cent	
Tumble dryer	53	54
Washing machine	82	80
Dishwasher	69	67
Microwave oven	76	75
Video camera	32	28
Digital videocamera	26	22
Digital camera	77	79
CD-player	84	84
DVD-player without hard disk	...	78
Hard disk-recorder	32	26
Hard disk-recorder which can show a delayed broadcast	...	20
BluRay-player	10	16
TV	...	98
Digital TV	60	74
3D-TV	...	4
PC	...	91
Stationary computer	53	53
Portable computer	72	78
Tablet PC, Mini-computers	...	9
Mobile phone	97	97
Smartphone	...	33
Fixed line telephone subscription	64	58
MP3 Player etc	50	48
DAB radio	33	32
GPS navigation	46	52
GPS-watch	8	10
Game console	35	40
E-book reader	2	2
	number	
Persons interviewed	930	993

Note: The results are accurate to within +/- 3 percentage points.

www.statbank.dk/varforbr

Table 218 Price index for domestic supply by categories of use

	Weight	2010 Average	2011 Average
	per cent	————— 2005 =100 —————	
Price Index for Domestic Supply total	100.00	113.5	121.2
Producers' materials	62.84	117.3	128.0
Raw materials for agriculture	3.08	140.6	155.2
Raw materials for other industries	42.33	117.1	128.2
Fuels and lubricants	4.46	154.5	192.9
Machinery and tools; goods transport equipment	12.98	98.9	97.7
Consumer goods	37.16	106.8	109.6
Foods of animal origin, excl. fish	6.56	110.3	117.0
Fish and fish products	1.94	114.7	120.7
Foods of vegetable origin	2.81	117.9	120.9
Beverages and tobacco	2.81	117.0	121.4
Other consumer goods	23.04	101.7	102.9
Distribution by origin:			
Danish goods	36.77	120.8	131.2
Danish producers' materials	25.35	123.9	136.9
Danish consumer goods	11.43	113.7	118.5
Imported goods	63.23	108.4	114.7
Imported producers' materials	37.49	112.5	121.8
Imported consumer goods	25.74	102.2	104.2
Imported unprocessed raw materials, total = Raw material price index total	9.27	136.5	164.7
Unprocessed materials for agriculture	0.61	132.6	135.1
Unprocessed materials for other industries	6.17	120.8	140.0
Fuels and lubricants	2.49	177.0	233.7

 www.statbank.dk/pris10 and [pris11](http://www.statbank.dk/pris11)

Table 219 Domestic supply of some important food stuffs

	Supply, total		
	2008	2009	2010
	thousand tonnes		
Milk and cream			
Whole and partly skimmed milk ¹	221	208	210
Skim- and buttermilk	297	302	314
Junket and yoghurt	106	107	102
Other milk products ²	62	58	58
Cream (incl. cultured cream)	48	52	56
Fats			
Butter ³	10	10	11
Margarine	44	42	42
Cheese
Eggs	..	82	88
Meat			
Beef and veal ⁴	145	137	154
Pork ⁴	203	198	193
Poultry meat	125	115	..
Horse meat	0	0	0
Mutton and lamb	8	8	7
Game meat	4	4	4
Flour and groats, etc.			
Wheat flour	329	300	318
Durum wheat e.g. pasta products	20	34	..
Rye flour	85	78	76
Oat-meal	34	34	34
Rice and rice flour	40	35	..
Other flours and groats, etc.	70	68	..
Sugar
Potatoes	302	304	222
Organic products⁵			
Milk and cream	182	172	182
Eggs	8	8	8

Note: The figures shows the supply available for human consumption in Denmark.

www.statbank.dk/fvf1 and fvf11

¹ Excl. natural milk at producers for consumption. ² Includes various cultured-milk products, chocolate milk and skimmed chocolate milk. ³ In addition, there are mixed products which comprise about 27 mio. kg a year since 1996. ⁴ The figures exclude consumption of edible offals. ⁵ Part of total supply.

Table 220	Consumption of beverages and tobacco		
	2008	2009	2010
	----- mio. litres -----		
Consumption of beer	505	476	453
Dutiable sales of lager equivalents	440	406	383
Estimated cross-border shopping (net)	65	70	70
Consumption of wine	186	189	192
Dutiable sales	174	175	178
Estimated cross-border shopping (net)	12	14	14
Consumption of spirits	25	20	19
Dutiable sales	23	18	17
Estimated cross-border shopping (net)	2	2	2
Consumption of alcoholic soft drinks	8	8	7
Dutiable sales	0	0	0
Estimated cross-border shopping (net)	0	0	0
	----- avg. litres -----		
Consumption of pure alcohol per capita	9.6	9.2	9.5
Consump. of pure alcohol per capita over 14 years	11.6	11.1	11.3
	----- mio. units -----		
Consumption of cigarettes, cigarillos, etc.	8 160	8 089	7 919
Dutiable sales	7 985	7 939	7 769
Estimated cross-border shopping (net)	175	150	150
	----- units -----		
Avg. consumption of cigarettes, cigarillos, etc.			
Per capita	1 480	1 466	1 428
Per capita over 14 years	1 783	1 763	1 708
	----- tonnes -----		
Consumption of smoking tobacco	1 099	1 029	965
Dutiable sales	849	779	715
Estimated cross-border shopping (net)	250	250	250

 www.statbank.dk/alko2 and [alko4](http://www.statbank.dk/alko4)

Table 221 Average prices for foods

		1980	1990	2000	2010	2011
Amount		DKK in current prices				
Rye bread	1 kg	4.56	7.46	13.63	16.94	18.54
White bread	300 g	3.23	5.81	7.38	8.56	9.13
Rolls	1 pcs	1.10	2.12	2.99	4.45	4.88
Danish pastry	1 pcs	2.05	4.43	6.51	9.69	10.99
Dry cakes	1 pcs	2.78	6.10	8.83	11.96	13.38
Minced beef	1 kg	43.44	77.73	98.71	123.18	122.08
Saddle of pork	1 kg	40.72	70.31	57.30	60.94	59.75
Sausages	1 kg	31.17	53.46	47.89	58.92	59.13
Liver paste	1 kg	22.34	31.18	30.33	43.27	43.05
Mettwurst	1 kg	23.70	35.73	38.27	47.88	47.05
Cod. medium-sized	1 kg	15.30	38.97	60.80	110.31	113.23
Plaice. medium-sized	1 kg	24.21	57.42	88.76	116.37	122.56
Full milk	1/1 l	3.49	6.39	6.19	7.40	7.93
Double cream	1/2 l	9.71	12.84	12.84	12.51	14.38
Cheese. 45%	1 kg	39.15	65.27	62.93	78.82	84.87
Eggs. large	10 pcs	9.71	14.12	18.32	22.35	21.38
Butter. salted	1 kg	23.85	41.20	45.40	59.68	68.08
Apples	1 kg	7.58	12.06	13.13	15.45	16.38
Grapes	1 kg	23.55	33.67	28.82	32.97	33.91
Oranges	1 kg	7.96	11.27	11.43	12.95	12.19
Bananas	1 kg	9.02	13.46	14.53	15.48	14.77
Carrots	1 kg	7.28	8.34	8.58	7.15	6.65
Onions	1 kg	8.07	8.49	8.35	7.75	7.76
Tomatoes	1 kg	20.27	25.33	25.29	27.50	24.97
Cucumbers	1 kg	13.98	18.75	21.27	21.46	19.88
Cabbages	1 kg	2.88	4.75	5.14	6.63	8.82
Cauliflowers	1 kg	10.19	12.91	12.51	15.16	15.56
Potatoes. Danish	1 kg	2.82	4.49	7.11	8.47	8.59
Coffee	1 kg	60.97	51.87	61.25	67.30	81.81

www.statbank.dk/06

Table 222 Net price index

	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual average	Percentage annual increase
	2000=100													
2000	98.1	98.9	99.5	99.7	100.1	100.4	100.0	99.8	100.6	100.8	101.0	100.9	100.0	3.1
2001	100.4	101.4	102.0	102.5	102.9	102.9	102.4	102.3	102.8	103.0	102.8	103.0	102.4	2.4
2002	103.1	104.1	104.7	105.1	105.2	105.1	104.8	104.8	105.5	105.7	105.6	105.6	104.9	2.5
2003	105.8	107.0	107.8	107.8	107.6	107.5	106.9	106.9	107.5	107.6	107.8	107.6	107.3	2.3
2004	107.4	108.3	108.9	109.0	109.4	109.1	108.7	108.4	109.0	109.4	109.1	108.9	108.8	1.4
2005	108.7	109.9	110.6	111.2	111.1	111.2	111.0	111.0	111.9	111.8	111.5	111.6	111.0	2.0
2006	111.3	112.4	112.8	113.4	113.5	113.7	113.5	113.5	113.8	113.6	113.6	113.6	113.2	2.0
2007	113.3	114.7	115.1	115.4	115.6	115.5	115.1	114.9	115.6	116.0	116.8	116.7	115.4	1.9
2008	117.1	118.6	119.1	119.5	120.1	120.4	120.2	120.3	120.7	120.5	120.2	119.8	119.7	3.7
2009	119.5	121.7	122.1	122.1	122.5	122.8	122.3	122.6	122.6	122.7	122.7	122.4	122.2	2.1
2010	122.3	123.8	124.6	124.7	124.7	124.6	124.5	124.8	125.3	125.2	125.2	125.4	124.6	2.0
2011	125.2	126.9	127.7	128.3	128.4	128.1	128.1	128.0	128.4	128.3	128.1	128.1	127.8	2.6

www.statbank.dk/pris7

Table 223 Consumer price index. annual average

Year	Index	Percentage annual increase	Year	Index	Percentage annual increase	Year	Index	Percentage annual increase	Year	Index	Percentage annual increase
1900=100											
1901	100	-0.2	1931	178	-5.7	1961	555	4.5	1991	4 353	2.4
1902	101	1.3	1932	177	-0.7	1962	591	6.6	1992	4 445	2.1
1903	101	-0.2	1933	181	2.7	1963	622	5.2	1993	4 500	1.3
1904	102	1.3	1934	188	3.9	1964	645	3.6	1994	4 590	2.0
1905	102	-0.5	1935	196	3.8	1965	686	6.4	1995	4 686	2.1
1906	103	0.7	1936	198	1.2	1966	733	6.8	1996	4 785	2.1
1907	106	3.5	1937	205	3.6	1967	787	7.4	1997	4 890	2.2
1908	107	0.9	1938	207	1.2	1968	850	8.0	1998	4 980	1.8
1909	108	0.7	1939	213	2.9	1969	880	3.5	1999	5 104	2.5
1910	109	0.7	1940	266	24.4	1970	937	6.5	2000	5 253	2.9
1911	109	0.2	1941	305	14.7	1971	992	5.9	2001	5 377	2.4
1912	113	3.8	1942	315	3.5	1972	1 058	6.6	2002	5 507	2.4
1913	116	2.6	1943	318	0.8	1973	1 156	9.3	2003	5 622	2.1
1914	119	2.3	1944	325	2.2	1974	1 333	15.3	2004	5 687	1.2
1915	140	18.0	1945	328	1.1	1975	1 461	9.6	2005	5 790	1.8
1916	165	17.8	1946	326	-0.7	1976	1 592	9.0	2006	5 900	1.9
1917	191	15.8	1947	335	2.9	1977	1 769	11.1	2007	6 001	1.7
1918	223	16.8	1948	344	2.5	1978	1 946	10.0	2008	6 205	3.4
1919	264	18.6	1949	352	2.4	1979	2 133	9.6	2009	6 287	1.3
1920	315	19.3	1950	384	9.1	1980	2 396	12.3	2010	6 432	2.3
1921	268	-15.0	1951	429	11.7	1981	2 677	11.7	2011	6 609	2.8
1922	228	-15.0	1952	439	2.2	1982	2 948	10.1			
1923	237	4.2	1953	436	-0.5	1983	3 152	6.9			
1924	251	6.0	1954	444	1.9	1984	3 350	6.3			
1925	244	-2.8	1955	474	6.7	1985	3 507	4.7			
1926	207	-15.0	1956	498	5.0	1986	3 636	3.7			
1927	200	-3.4	1957	504	1.2	1987	3 782	4.0			
1928	199	-0.6	1958	509	0.9	1988	3 953	4.5			
1929	198	-0.6	1959	519	2.1	1989	4 142	4.8			
1930	188	-4.8	1960	531	2.3	1990	4 251	2.6			

www.statbank.dk/pris8 and pris9

Table 224 Consumer price index

	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual average	Percentage annual increase
2000=100														
2000	98.3	98.9	99.6	99.7	100.1	100.4	100.0	99.9	100.6	100.8	100.9	100.8	100.0	2.9
2001	100.6	101.3	101.9	102.4	102.8	102.7	102.4	102.4	102.9	103.0	102.8	103.0	102.4	2.3
2002	103.1	103.8	104.5	104.9	105.0	105.0	104.7	104.8	105.4	105.6	105.6	105.6	104.8	2.4
2003	105.8	106.8	107.5	107.5	107.3	107.3	106.7	106.6	107.4	107.1	107.2	107.1	107.0	2.1
2004	107.0	107.8	108.3	108.4	108.7	108.5	108.1	107.9	108.6	108.9	108.6	108.4	108.3	1.2
2005	108.1	109.2	109.8	110.4	110.3	110.4	110.3	110.3	111.2	111.1	110.8	110.8	110.2	1.8
2006	110.4	111.5	111.9	112.4	112.5	112.8	112.5	112.5	112.9	112.8	112.7	112.8	112.3	1.9
2007	112.4	113.6	114.1	114.3	114.5	114.4	113.9	113.7	114.3	114.7	115.5	115.4	114.2	1.7
2008	115.7	117.1	117.6	118.0	118.4	118.8	118.4	118.6	119.1	118.9	118.6	118.2	118.1	3.4
2009	117.8	119.3	119.7	119.6	119.9	120.2	119.6	119.9	120.1	120.1	120.1	119.9	119.7	1.3
2010	120.2	121.6	122.3	122.5	122.5	122.3	122.3	122.7	123.2	123.1	123.2	123.3	122.4	2.3
2011	123.4	124.9	125.6	126.1	126.3	126.0	125.9	125.9	126.3	126.5	126.4	126.4	125.8	2.8

www.statbank.dk/pris12

Table 225 Consumer price index and its sub-indices

	Weights at Jan. 2009	2010 average	2011 average
	—————2000=100—————		
Consumer price index. total	100.00	122.4	125.8
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	11.53	124.2	129.1
Food	10.20	123.4	127.2
Non-alcoholic beverages	1.33	130.4	144.2
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	3.68	115.9	120.5
Alcoholic beverages	1.79	104.6	104.8
Tobacco	1.89	127.3	136.4
Clothing and footwear	4.98	98.0	99.2
Clothing	4.11	93.8	94.3
Footwear	0.87	119.8	125.0
Housing. water. electricity. gas and other fuels	27.86	132.5	137.6
Actual and imputed rentals for housing	19.91	128.7	132.7
Maintenance and repair of the dwelling	0.83	125.6	126.9
Water supply and miscellaneous services relating to the dwelling	1.80	163.0	165.5
Electricity. gas and other fuels	6.32	136.8	146.7
Furnishings. household etc.	6.07	116.8	118.3
Furniture and furnishings. carpets etc.	2.31	109.8	111.2
Household textiles	0.52	110.4	115.3
Household appliances and repair of this	0.87	108.3	108.2
Glassware. tableware and household utensils	0.80	125.0	127.0
Tools and equipment for house and garden	0.57	112.9	113.5
Goods and services for routine household maintenance	0.89	140.0	142.2
Health	2.75	115.2	118.5
Medical products. appliances and equipment	1.26	98.1	103.5
Out-patient services	1.07	136.0	136.8
Hospital services	0.42	125.7	126.1
Transport	14.15	125.3	129.1
Purchase of vehicles	6.64	110.0	108.8
Operation of personal transport equipment	6.32	135.8	145.3
Transport services	1.19	134.2	136.6
Communication	2.13	82.7	84.6
Recreation and culture	11.46	104.4	103.9
Audio-visual. photographic and information processing equipment	2.74	50.0	47.1
Other major durables for recreation and culture	0.64	112.9	115.6
Other recreational items and equipment. gardens and pets	2.36	104.2	103.7
Recreational and cultural services	2.92	138.6	143.3
Newspapers. books and stationery	1.60	135.3	135.8
Package holidays	1.20	142.7	141.0
Education	0.73	173.6	181.7
Restaurants and hotels	5.00	129.4	132.7
Catering services	4.73	129.9	133.3
Accommodation services	0.28	123.0	124.4
Miscellaneous goods and services	9.66	134.5	137.9
Personal care	2.20	126.2	128.6
Personal effects n.e.c.	0.77	122.4	129.6
Social protection	1.91	135.2	137.8
Insurance	2.53	154.4	159.5
Financial services n.e.c.	1.77	128.9	130.8
Other services n.e.c.	0.49	138.7	141.4
Goods	53.45	114.3	117.7
Services	46.55	132.7	136.0

www.statbank.dk/pris6

Table 226 Price index for sales of property. 2010

	One-family houses	Weekend cottage	Owner-occupied flats
	2006=100		
All Denmark	90,5	88,5	79,3
Region Hovedstaden	80,0	78,2	73,9
Region Sjælland	83,0	81,9	80,7
Region Syddanmark	102,0	105,2	97,2
Region Midtjylland	98,8	97,7	90,7
Region Nordjylland	101,3	91,0	103,0
Province København by	81,0	..	77,8
Province Københavns omegn	81,9	..	65,8
Province Nordsjælland	76,3	76,2	69,8
Province Bornholm	102,9	127,1	..
Province Østsjælland	78,3	62,3	77,5
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	84,4	83,6	84,7
Province Fyn	100,5	111,1	90,6
Province Sydjylland	102,9	103,4	101,9
Province Østjylland	95,4	92,7	87,7
Province Vestjylland	106,4	102,5	114,1
Province Nordjylland	101,3	91,0	103,0

www.statbank.dk/ejen66

Table 227 Completed cases on foreclosures to real estate

	2010	2011
Total	5 305	4 775
Residential properties	2 896	2 762
Owner-occupied flats for residential	924	536
Owner-occupied flats for business	149	222
Residential and business properties	251	239
Agricultural properties	157	209
Building sites	263	200
Weekend cottages	244	240
Rental properties	170	112
Business properties	222	229
Other	29	26

Source: Central Court administration

Table 228 Indices for price trends, ordinary free trade

	2000	2010
	index, 2006 = 100	
One-family houses	56.9	90.5
Residential properties with 2 flats	56.5	90.8
Residential properties with 3 flats	63.5	100.0
Residential properties with 4-8 flats	38.9	99.1
Residential properties with 9 flats and over	34.3	90.6
Residential and business properties	46.6	95.8
Business properties	72.9	120.5
Industrial properties and warehouses	83.0	99.5
Agricultural properties, total	51.5	97.1
Weekend cottages	45.3	88.5
Building sites under 2.000 m ²	73.7	92.2
Owner-occupied flats	46.1	79.3



Table 229 Assessment of real property

	General assessment 2009			General assessment 2010		
	Assessments	Property values	Land values	Assessments	Property values	Land values
	number	DKK mio.		number	DKK mio.	
All Denmark	2 099 810	5 442 855	1 437 724	2 108 894	5 162 550	1 318 296
One-family houses	1 186 817	1 859 298	540 877	1 193 248	1 875 771	543 427
Two- and three-family houses	25 989	60 666	14 458	26 139	60 884	14 492
Multi-dwelling houses and commercial properties with or without residence	100 053	1 322 603	290 859	99 764	1 261 493	247 872
Owner-occupied flats	230 899	287 529	45 107	233 551	291 063	45 454
Holiday dwellings on own land	196 712	231 359	81 275	197 884	233 798	81 634
Industrial properties and warehouses	19 068	213 941	39 969	19 415	188 060	35 097
Agricultural properties	86 891	631 057	178 646	85 666	504 757	133 944
Nurseries and horticultural properties, fruit orchards, etc.	1 960	9 053	1 480	1 914	7 805	1 122
Forests and orchards separately assessed	5 589	37 816	10 391	5 634	36 781	9 768
Building sites	116 174	128 973	93 871	116 857	110 455	83 518
Government and municipal properties	13 267	290 646	67 885	12 370	246 100	56 221
Other assessed properties	116 391	369 914	72 906	116 452	345 584	65 747

Source: Central Tax Administration

www.statbank.dk/06

Table 230 Sales of real property in ordinary free trade

	Total of registered number of sales		Average price per property DKK thousands		As percentage of public assessment ¹	
	2009	2010	2009	2010	2009	2010
One-family houses						
All Denmark	34 276	38 987	1 763	1 847	111,1	113,8
Region Hovedstaden	7 625	8 633	2 747	2 950	113,9	121,8
Region Sjælland	5 569	6 208	1 589	1 625	108,1	107,7
Region Syddanmark	8 399	9 425	1 390	1 403	111,8	110,6
Region Midtjylland	8 438	9 901	1 591	1 674	108,5	110,2
Region Nordjylland	4 245	4 820	1 235	1 281	110,1	109,5
Province København by	1 103	1 357	3 052	3 282	112,4	121,9
Province Københavns Omegn	2 794	3 074	3 054	3 286	113,6	124,2
Province Nordsjælland	3 264	3 684	2 636	2 820	114,8	120,1
Province Bornholm	464	518	931	920	111,2	109,1
Province Østsjælland	1 602	1 866	2 212	2 333	116,8	120,7
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	3 967	4 342	1 327	1 299	102,7	98,9
Province Fyn	3 245	3 839	1 440	1 474	110,0	109,3
Province Sydjylland	5 154	5 586	1 360	1 357	113,0	111,5
Province Østjylland	5 221	6 224	1 812	1 920	109,3	111,8
Province Vestjylland	3 217	3 677	1 226	1 247	106,6	106,1
Province Nordjylland	4 245	4 820	1 235	1 281	110,1	109,5
Owner-occupied flats						
All Denmark	11 939	13 968	1 542	1 701	111,1	117,9
Region Hovedstaden	6 790	7 702	1 781	2 022	111,4	120,1
Region Sjælland	840	1 058	1 175	1 213	106,8	106,0
Region Syddanmark	1 135	1 474	1 104	1 177	109,6	110,4
Region Midtjylland	2 190	2 694	1 299	1 441	111,0	116,9
Region Nordjylland	984	1 040	1 150	1 120	113,6	115,9
Province København by	4 344	4 870	1 864	2 132	111,6	121,5
Province Københavns Omegn	1 539	1 790	1 641	1 840	109,3	117,1
Province Nordsjælland	892	1 026	1 599	1 642	114,5	114,8
Province Bornholm	15	16	704	615	113,7	100,8
Province Østsjælland	396	528	1 362	1 382	111,7	111,7
Province Vest- og Sydsjælland	444	530	1 015	1 050	101,6	99,5
Province Fyn	437	682	1 088	1 158	107,5	109,5
Province Sydjylland	698	792	1 114	1 191	110,8	111,0
Province Østjylland	1 803	2 275	1 372	1 521	111,7	118,5
Province Vestjylland	387	419	920	978	106,3	104,2
Province Nordjylland	984	1 040	1 150	1 120	113,6	115,9
Other properties:						
Residential properties with 2 flats	789	1 064	2 044	2 239	69,4	71,0
Residential properties with 3 flats	141	159	1 979	1 876	85,8	83,5
Residential properties with 4-8 flats	268	351	3 493	3 258	97,4	98,0
Residential properties with 9 flats and over	112	243	19 949	14 603	102,7	100,9
Residential and business properties	1 081	1 331	4 512	4 721	106,1	108,3
Business properties	794	1 036	8 087	10 500	101,4	118,7
Industrial properties and warehouses	508	838	7 946	6 467	98,6	106,9
Agricultural properties	2 574	2 942	218	184	94,1	98,5
Weekend cottages	5 354	6 124	1 260	1 260	110,6	110,1
Grounds under 2.000 m ²	3 481	6 601	578	600	122,7	139,3
Grounds over 2.000 m ²	839	1 686	73	94	107,9	112,1

Note: For land, average prices are per m², for agriculture, average prices are per hectare, and for other categories, prices are per item.

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¹ For 2009 is used 2009-tax assessment and for 2010 is used 2010-tax assessment.